

On May 8, 1999, on two separate occasions - at 2:30 a.m. and 2:25 p.m. - NATO forces launched missiles on the railway bridge on the river Ibar, in the village of Bogutovac, Kraljevo municipality, situated by the kilometre marker post 103 + 431 on the Belgrade-Kosovo railway line. During the attack on May 8, 1999, at 2:30 a.m., one missile hit the left river bank of the Ibar and made a crater of about 5 m in diameter. The detonation stripped off and projected the bridge metal sheathing, the pieces of which caused the damage and are scattered all over the bridge structure. In the attack that took place on the same day at 2:25 p.m., a missile hit and damaged the right lateral section of the bridge facing Kosovo Polje. The bridge was not torn down as a result of the missile assault.

The attacks launched on May 8, 1999, at 2:30 a.m. and 2:25 p.m., inflicted damage on a large number of residential and other civilian buildings in the village of Bogutovac.

The following civilian buildings were damaged: a building in which the Bogutovac local health station and the flat of Milan Kovačević were situated on the ground floor and the first floor respectively; Bogutovac ward of the Kraljevo veterinarian station which comprises the flat of Bora Pavlović; administration building of the public enterprise for forest management "Srbija šume", forest compound Stolovi - Bogutovac forest management building, with the flats of Radosav Bojović and Milosav Miletić on the upper floor; post office building housing the flat of Radomir Koricanac, an employee of the PTT Srbija; the building housing the premises of the Bogutovac local authorities and collective farm, including the flats owned by Milojko Novaković, Radovan Lukić, Petar Tomić, Mira Sretenović, Ljubinko Aleksić and Miodrag Matović.

Apart from the above mentioned, numerous other civilian buildings were damaged in the attack, such as: privately owned restaurants, shops and other service trade facilities.

In addition to the railway station and the two railway bridges, the total of 74 buildings were damaged, the majority of which are family houses. Thus, 98 persons sustained damage of their family houses, flats, privately owned business and other premises. All those facilities located in Bogutovac and in the vicinity of the railway station and the two bridges on the rivers Lopatnica and Ibar have damaged roof tiles, roof structures, doors and all window panes, facades, cracked walls, demolished furniture, cracked and fallen-off ceilings, damaged merchandise and two vehicles: "Alpha Romeo" passenger car, registration plates No. KV 122-339 and "Fiat Dali" truck, registration plates No. KV 126-621, both owned by Milan Pantović from Bogutovac. The vehicles have broken glasses and visible traces of damage on the metal parts caused by missile fragments.

The names of the persons and the detailed description of all residential, civilian and other buildings are given in the report prepared by the authorized officers of the police department, Kraljevo Secretariat, who attended the investigation, which report constitutes an integral part of this Investigation Report.

Also attached as an integral part of this Report are photo files of the criminal investigation division of the police department, Kraljevo Secretariat, No. 571/99.

The investigation ended at 10:30 a.m.

INVESTIGATIVE JUDGE ON DUTY
(sgd) Jagoda Radosavljević

The Bridge on the Nišava in Niš (*photos 41–42*)



Photo 41 View of the demolished bridge on the river Nišava and the damaged building of the Greek Consulate in Niš, May 8, 1999



Photo 42 Close-up of the demolished bridge on the river Nišava

The Bridge on the Velika Morava near Mijatovac (photos 43–44)



Photo 43 *Destroyed right-hand side lane of the bridge over the river Nišava, near Mijatovac village – Čuprija, on the Belgrade–Niš motorway, May 8, 1999 (viewed from the direction of Belgrade)*



Photo 44 *Close-up of the destroyed bridge and the car of the make Daewoo A6 03KDF, owned by the Romanian Red Cross, which happened to be on the bridge and in which three Romanian humanitarian workers sustained minor injuries*

The Post Office Building in Užice (photos 45–46)



Photo 45 The destroyed building of the Užice Business Unit of the Public Enterprise of PTT Traffic and "Telekom Srbija", May 9, 1999 (after the second attack)



Photo 46 Close-up of the destroyed post office building in Užice, May 9, 1999

The Flyover near Velika Plana (photos 47–49)



Photo 47 The damaged flyover on the Belgrade–Niš motorway, near Velika Plana, May 10, 1999

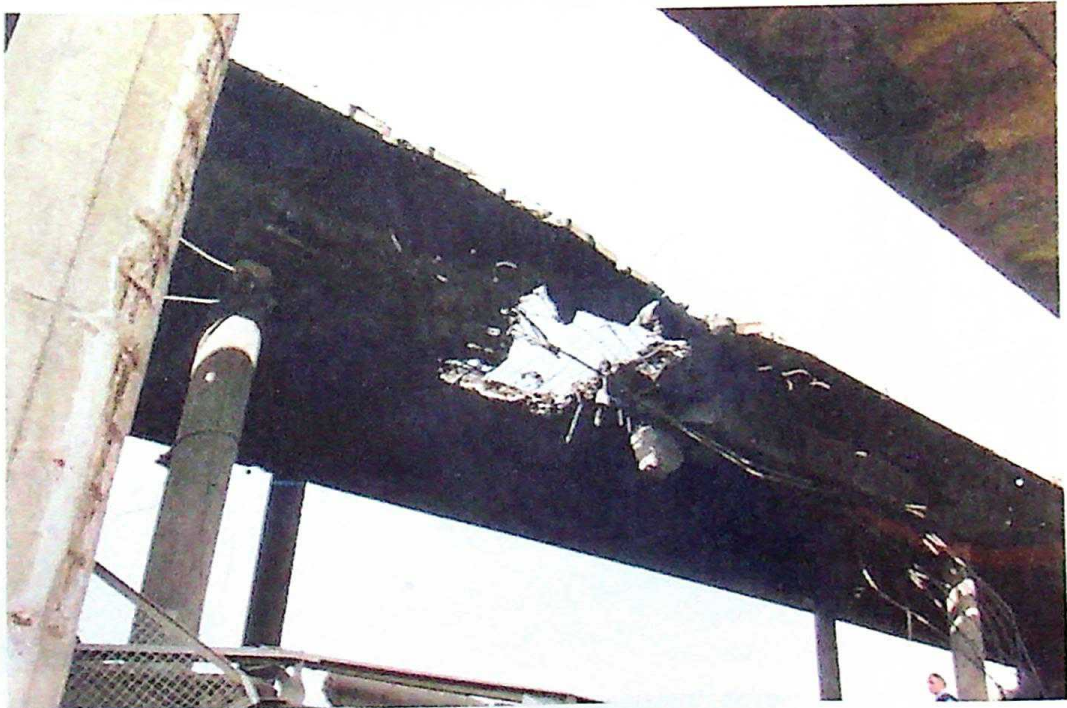


Photo 48 The spot where a missile hit the motorway flyover



Photo 49 The damaged Belgrade–Velika Plana railway under the motorway flyover



Photo 50 "Zastava" truck, registration plates number BG 924-087, owned by GP "Standard" construction company from Belgrade, damaged by bombing of the bypass road around Čačak. Two employees of GP "Standard" were killed in the truck, May 10, 1999

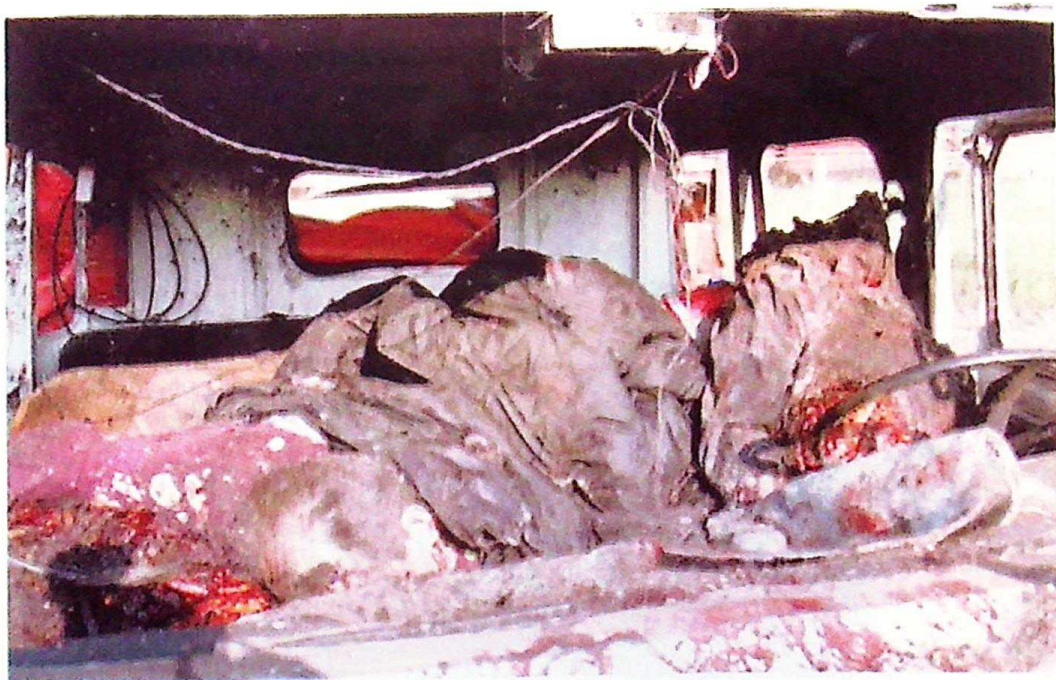


Photo 51 Bodies of the killed driver and assistant driver: Nasko Ristić from Belgrade, born 1949, and Miloš Jovčić from Belgrade, born 1953



*Photo 52 Close-up of the position of bodies of the killed employees of GP
"Standard" construction company*

The Bridge on the Lim, Prijepolje (photos 53–54)



Photo 53 Prijepolje, bridge on the river Lim, May 11, 1999, 12:40 p.m



Photo 54 Demolished bridge over the river Lim in Prijepolje on the main road Prijepolje – Užice, May 11, 1999 (Second attack)

The Flyover near Horgoš

On May 11, 1999, at 10:40 p.m., the Horgoš flyover on the E-75 motorway was bombed. One missile hit and damaged the flyover. The nearby houses were also damaged by the detonation. (photos 55–56)



Photo 55 Damaged Horgoš flyover on the E-75 motorway and the damaged railway Subotica–Horgoš–Szeged, May 11, 1999



Photo 56 Close-up of the damage on the Horgoš flyover, May 11, 1999

The Bridge in Kokin Brod (photos 57–58)



Photo 57 Bombed bridge over the river Uvac in Kokin brod, on the Nova Varoš–Užice road, May 11, 1999 (second attack)



Photo 58 Close-up of the damaged bridge in Kokin brod, May 11, 1999

The Bridge in Murino (*photos 59–61*)

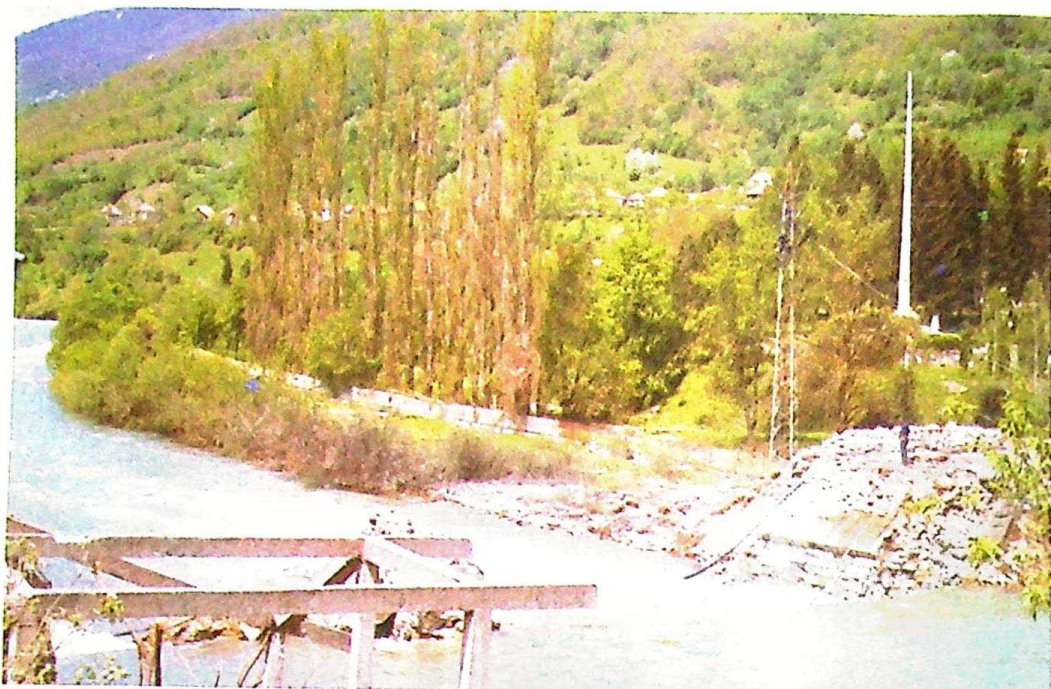


Photo 59 The bridge in the small town of Murino, after the aerial bombardment of May 11, 1999, around 2:00 a.m



Photo 60



Photo 61

The Flyover near Trupalske Woods

On May 14, 1999, one missile hit the flyover on the Belgrade–Leskovac highway, in the region of Trupale village, Niš municipality. Both flyover lanes collapsed on the railway tracks causing vast damage and suspension of both road and railway traffic. (photos 66–67)



Photo 66 The flyover on the Belgrade–Skoplje motorway, near Trupalske forests, which collapsed on the Belgrade–Skoplje railway tracks in the vicinity of Niš, May 14, 1999



Photo 67 Broken railway tracks on the Belgrade–Skoplje railway line in the vicinity of the demolished flyover near Trupalske forests – Niš, May 14, 1999

The Bridge in Vladičin Han (photos 68–72)



Photo 68 Bombed bridge over the river Južna Morava in Vladičin Han downtown, viewed in the direction of Surdulica, May 18, 1999



Photo 69 Damaged mid-section of the bridge over the river Južna Morava in Vladičin Han



Photo 70 A crater on the other side of the bridge in Vladičin Han



Photo 71 The spot at the beginning of the bridge where Milan Ignjatović from V. Han was killed



Photo 72 Dead body of Milan Ignjatović from Vladičin Han, killed on May 18, 1999

The Bridge over the River Stari Begej in Banatski Dvor (photos 73–74)

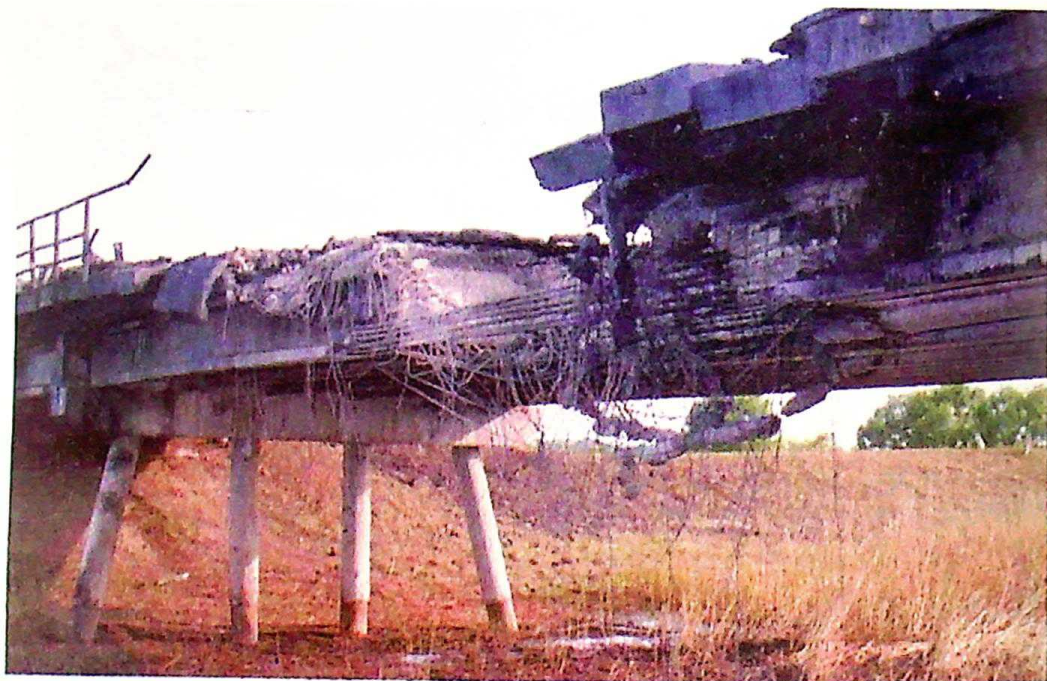


Photo 73 The bridge over the river Stari Begej on the Žitište–Srpska Crnja road, near Banatski Dvor, bombed on May 20 1999



Photo 74 Close-up of the damaged bridge over the Stari Begej

The Bridge over the River Jasenica in Velika Plana (21 May 1999) (*photos75–76*)



Photo 75 Torn down bridge over the river Jasenica in Velika Plana, on the Belgrade–Niš motorway, May 21, 1999 (second attack)



Photo 76 Close-up of the torn down bridge over the river Jasenica

OFFICIAL MEMO

Made on May 22, 1999 by an authorized officer of Velika Plana Police Department, regarding the NATO bombing of the bridge over the river Jasenica in Velika Plana, the area of Veliko Orašje village, which took place on May 21, 1999, at 11:15 a.m.

On May 21, 1999, at 11:15 a.m., NATO planes targeted the bridge over the Jasenica with 4 missiles. The 129 metres long bridge is situated on the Belgrade-Niš motorway, next to the kilometre marker post 670 + 600 m. Due to the said incident, Živan Djurišić, an investigative judge of the Velika Plana Municipal Court, accompanied by authorized officers of the Velika Plana police department, carried out an on-site investigation. These are the findings of the investigation:

The total of 4 aircraft missiles were fired, two of which hit the bridge: one hit the right driving lane of the Niš-Belgrade motorway causing the collapse of 19 metres of the bridge structure; the other one hit the left driving lane of the Belgrade-Niš motorway bridge. A third missile fell onto an open space in the nearby field, 30 metres from the right edge of the bridge Niš-Belgrade, forming a crater 8 m deep and 20 m in diameter. A fourth missile fell into the black locust grove in the area of Veliko Orašje village, 300 m to the north-west from the mentioned bridge, viewed from the direction Velika Plana-Smederevo. The missile made a crater 6 m deep and 15 m in diameter. A missile fragment was found close to it, bearing the following mark: "TRW-CINCH 2302509132". Criminal investigation police technicians, Zoran Gašić and Srboľjub Živković, performed measurements in the surrounding space and the crater itself and detected no radioactivity in the area.

The bombing injured one person. His name is Slobodan Nikolić, father's name Jovan, born on April 3, 1935 in Veliko Orašje, residing in Veliko Orašje, No. 130 Šumadijska St., ID No. 0304935761513, a pensioner. At the time of the bombing he was in the field near the bridge. He was taken to the general hospital "Stefan Visoki" in Sm. Palanka and admitted to the orthopaedic ward under the protocol No. 870-0. Medical examinations proved that he had sustained severe injuries consisting of a fracture of the left upper arm from the fall caused by the detonation blast.

The criminal police investigation technicians from V. Plana also made photos and sketches of the spot and filmed it for the record.

Attachment: Official Memo made by Milutin Obradović referring to the damage inflicted on industrial facilities.

AUTHORIZED OFFICER
Sergeant Major First Class
(sgd) Borivoje Kostadinović

TO: POLICE DEPARTMENT
VELIKA PLANA

OFFICIAL MEMO

Made on May 21, 1999 with respect to the material damage on private houses in Veliko Orašje, inflicted by NATO warplanes on May 21, 1999, at approximately 11:00 a.m.

On May 21, 1999, at approximately 11:00 a.m. NATO warplanes fired four missiles at the flyover on the river Jasenica on the Belgrade-Niš motorway. Due to the bombing, the below listed private property sustained the following damage:

1. DRAGOSLAV PAVLOVIĆ, Veliko Orašje, No. 6 Vinogradska St. - one square metre of glass was broken on the family house terrace.

2. BORIVOJE LAZIĆ, Veliko Orašje, No. 129 Šumadijska St. - 1.5 square metres of glass was broken by the detonation on two windows.

3. ANDJELKA SAVIĆ, Veliko Orašje, No. bb Šumadijska St. - one square metre of the family house window pane **was** broken by the detonation.

4. LJUBIŠA MATAKOVIĆ, Veliko Orašje, No. 51 Železnička St. - 2 square metres of the two family house window **panes** have cracked from the detonation.

VELIKA PLANA
May 21, 1999

MEMO MADE BY:
First Sergeant
(sgd) Milutin Obradović

The Bridge over the River Jasenica in Velika Plana (26 May 1999) (photos77-78)



Photo 77 Bombed left side of the bridge over the river Jasenica on the Belgrade-Niš motorway (driving lane from the direction of Niš) in Velika Plana, May 26, 1999 (4th attack)

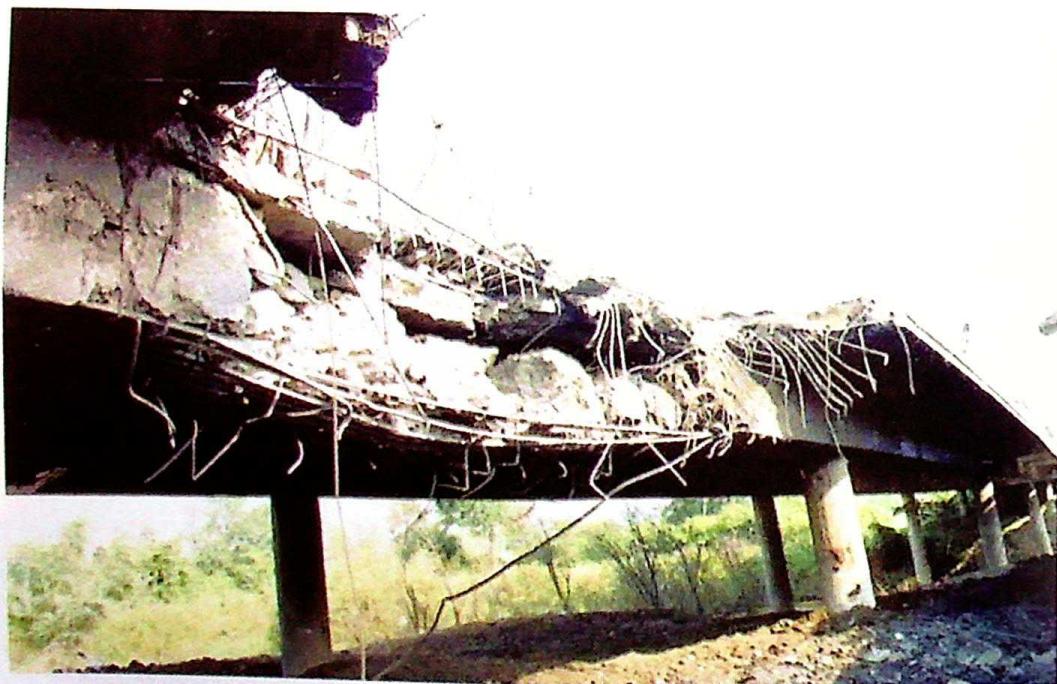


Photo 78 Close-up of the left side of the bridge over the Jasenica, whereas the right side was demolished in previous attacks

OFFICIAL MEMO

Made on May 27, 1999 by an authorized officer of Velika Plana Police Department, regarding the NATO bombing of the area of Velika Plana on May 26, 1999, around 1:15 a.m.

On May 26, 1999, around 1:15 a.m., the bridge over the river Jasenica in Velika Plana was hit by one NATO missile. The bridge is situated in the area of the village of Veliko Orašje, next to the kilometre marker post 670 + 600 m on the Belgrade-Niš motorway. The bridge had already been a target on three separate occasions.

On the said day, another NATO missile was fired and hit the left driving lane of the Belgrade-Niš motorway, causing an 18 m long damage, measured from the bridge edge, in the direction of Niš.

The on-site investigation was carried out by Živan Djurišić, investigative judge of the Velika Plana Municipal Court, together with authorized officers of the Velika Plana police and in the presence of Milorad Rajić, the municipal public prosecutor.

On the same night (May 26, 1999), around 1:15 a.m., NATO planes dumped two aircraft fuel tanks. One of them fell at the distance of 1,050 m from the Jasenica bridge in the direction of Belgrade, and 30 m from the edge of the Belgrade-Niš motorway. The said tank bore the following inscription: "TRESTLING AREA TANK EMPTY NOM. 2250 LITRE EXTERNAL FUEL TANK PART. 5041000 SERIAL NO. FRTR 1532 STOCHO. N.S.N 1560-99-349-4900 SUPPLIER. U 1918 MOD STD. MA04249 04744 NOM. CENTRE SECTION ASSEMBLY 1558 PART. 5031002 SERIAL NO. FRTR 1545."

Another NATO aircraft fuel tank was found on the driving lane of the Belgrade-Niš motorway, 450 m from the above mentioned one, including two parts of the same tank found on the right-hand side of the motorway, bearing the following inscription: "TRANSMITTER GAGE FUEL NSN PN 23101-01 SN 253204 SPECNO SP-P-56602 MOD KURT EICHWEBER PRAZISONSGERA TEWERK 2000 HAMBURG 50 MFR CODE D2277 PRACITECHNIK."

A missile and fragments of the missile engine were found in the area of the village of Krnjevo, "Bare" farmland, 150 m from the edge of the Belgrade-Niš motorway, in the field of Miodrag Petrović from Krnjevo. The impact made a crater 1 m deep and 2 m in diameter. The missile had the mark "EB 02019" and its flap bore the following inscription: WING BSU - 59 3000 MFR S/N." The missile was deactivated and destroyed on the spot by the Yugoslav military, Lieutenant-Colonel Risto Jevdjenijević and his demolition squad.

By measuring the radiation level performed by the Velika Plana criminal investigation police technicians, Zoran Gašić and Srboljub Živković, no radioactivity was detected in the area. The site was filmed for the record.

AUTHORIZED OFFICER
Sergeant Major First Class
(sgd) Borivoje Kostadinović

OFFICIAL MEMO

Made on May 27, 1999 by an authorized officer of Velika Plana Police Department concerning the discovery made on May 26, 1999 of the NATO-fired missiles and parts of missile engines in the area of Velika Plana municipality.

On May 26, 1999, around 1:15 p.m., two aircraft bombs - parts of the NATO missile engines were dropped in the area of the villages of Miloševac and Lozovik. Due to this incident, an on-site investigation was conducted by Živan Djurišić, investigative judge of the V. Plana Municipal Court, accompanied by authorized officers of the V. Plana police department.

The investigation confirmed that one of the said missiles fell in the area of Miloševac village, "Štrbnik" farmland, in the field owned by Živoslav Nikolić from Miloševac, No. 2 Partizanska St. A crater 1 m deep and 2 m in diameter was made by the missile bearing the following inscription: "AVIO BOMBS WING BSU-59/B 30003-404AS4827 MFR 96214 (K) S/N RUN 712893 ECO90-19." It was destroyed on the spot by the Yugoslav military, i.e. Lieutenant-Colonel Risto Jevdjenijević and a Yugoslav Army demolition squad.

On the same day (May 26, 1999), around 1:15 p.m., another NATO missile - part of the missile engine fell in the area of the village of Lozovik, "GAJ" farmland, in the field owned by Stanimir Tufegdžić from Lozovik. It fell at the distance of 800 m from the right edge of the Belgrade-Niš motorway and formed a crater 1 m deep and 2 m in diameter. The said missile - part of the missile engine bore the following marks: "FIN BSU-60/B 30003 SY704AS4890 MFR 96214 (D) S/N PVN 208198".

The criminal investigation police technician, Srboľjub Živković, measured the level of radioactivity and detected none. The missile was destroyed on the spot by the Yugoslav military, i.e. Lieutenant Colonel Risto Jevdjenijević and a Yugoslav Army demolition squad.

There were no other effects, nor any injured or killed persons.

AUTHORIZED OFFICER
Sergeant Major First Class
(sgd) Borivoje Kostadinović

The Cekavički Bridge on the River Jablanica (*photos 79 – 82*)

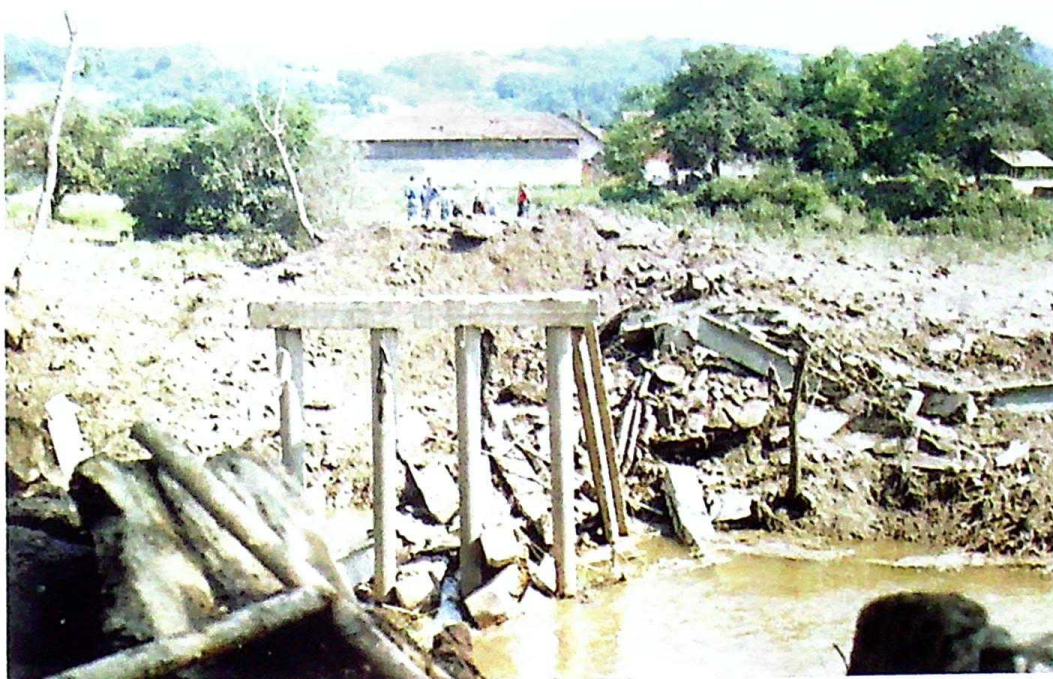


Photo 79 *Demolished Cekavički bridge over the river Jablanica on the road Bošnjace – Cekavica, municipality of Lebane, 27 May 1999*



Photo 80 *Close-up of the destroyed Cekavički bridge in the vicinity of which Veselka Spasić and Branka Stanković from Cekavica were killed, 27 May 1999*



Photo 81 The bodies of Veselka Spasić (1940) and Branka Stanković (1940) from Cekavica, municipality of Lebane, killed in the bombing of the Cekavički bridge, 27 May 1999



Photo 82 Close-up of the body of Branka Stanković

The Čenovački Bridge on the River Jablanica (photos 83–86)



Photo 83 *Destroyed Čenovački bridge on the river Jablanica in Čenovac, municipality of Lebane – Leskovac, bombed on 29 May 1999 and 30 May 1999*



Photo 84 *Close-up of the destroyed Čenovački bridge in the vicinity of which Stanoje Stojimenović (1941) from Čenovac was killed while working in the field with his wife and son, 29 May 1999*



Photo 85 The body of Stanoje Stojimenović (1941) from Čenovac who was killed in the bombing of the Čenovački bridge; his son Goran (1967) was also killed and his wife Jagoda was seriously injured



Photo 86 Close-up of the body of Stanoje Stojimenović

The Railway Tracks in the Village of Popovac (photos 87–88)



Photo 87 Damaged railway tracks and power line at the marshaling yard in the village of Popovac–Niš, May 27, 1999

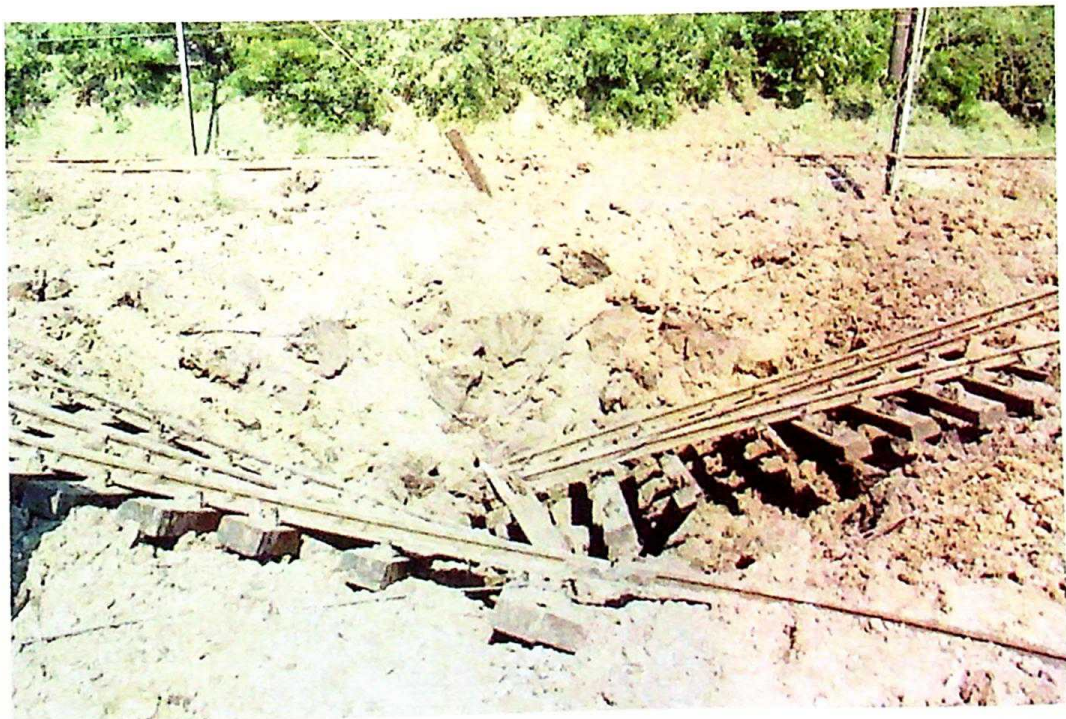


Photo 88 A crater and broken railway tracks at Popovac station

The Bridge and Motorway near the Village of Popovac (photos 89–94)



Photo 89 Damaged bridge over the river Nišava on the Belgrade–Niš–Leskovac motorway in the area of the village of Popovac, May 28, 1999



Photo 90 Close-up of the damaged bridge over the river Nišava, May 28, 1999



Photo 91 Damaged motorway Belgrade–Niš–Leskovac in the area of the village of Popovac–Niš, May 28, 1999 (view from the flyover from the direction of Niš)



Photo 92 Close-up of the crater on the motorway, facing the flyover



Photo 93 Torn down section of the bridge over the river Nišava on the Belgrade–Niš–Leskovac motorway in the village of Popovac–Niš, May 30, 1999 (2nd



Photo 94 Close-up of the destroyed section of the bridge over the river Nišava

The Prizren–Brezovica Road

On May 30, 1999, at 4:30 p.m., NATO warplanes attacked the road from Prizren to Brezovica at the time when a group of reporters, led by philosopher and writer Daniel Shiffer, was travelling on the road. The crew consisted of two women journalists from Great Britain and five journalists from Portugal, including two drivers. One of the drivers, Nebojša Radojević (born 1961), was killed in the attack, while Daniel Shiffer and Eve Prentice, the "Times" reporter from London, Great Britain, suffered minor injuries. (photo 95)

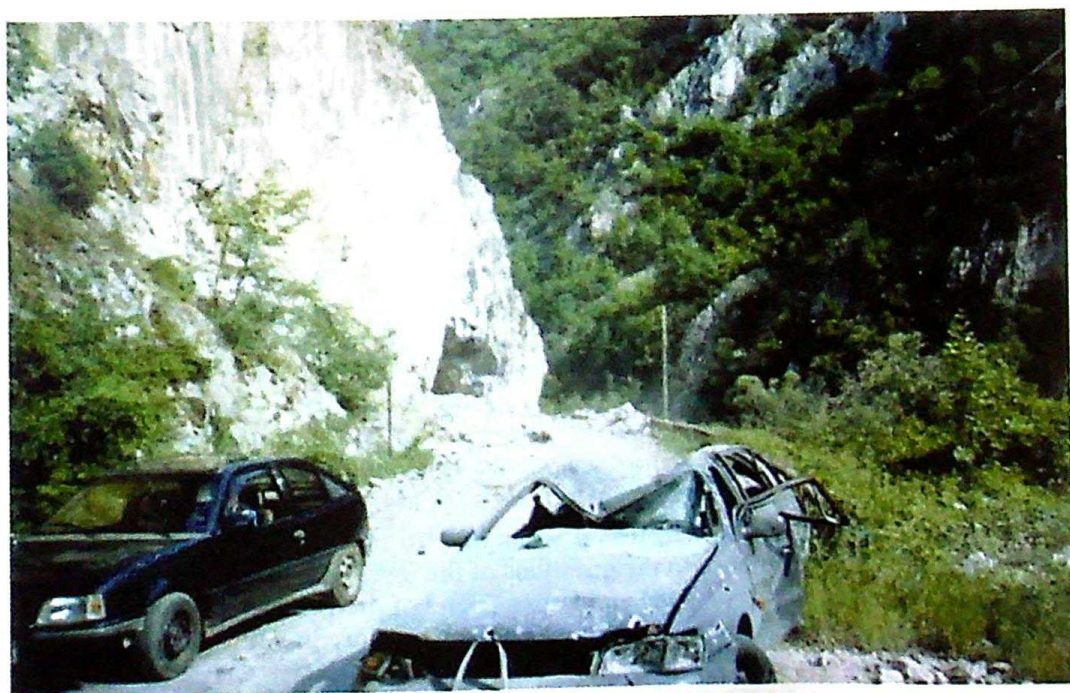


Photo 95 View of the vehicle in which Nebojša Radojević (1961) was killed and Daniel Shiffer and Eve Prentice sustained minor injuries

MINUTES OF THE TESTIMONY OF WITNESS

Taken on 23 June 1999 before the investigative judge of the District Court in Belgrade, in the criminal proceedings against unknown persons for committing a criminal act referred to in Art. 141 of the Penal Code of Yugoslavia.

Investigative Judge

Ilija Simić

Court Clerk

Stana Mitrić

Witness

Nenad Golubović

Also present at the testimony are:

Public Prosecutor

The Accused

Defense Counsel

The hearing began at 9:30 a.m.

It was brought to the attention of the witness that it is his duty to tell the truth and not to withhold anything; he was warned of the consequences of giving false testimony. He was also warned that he is under no obligation to answer specific questions likely to expose himself or next of kin to disgrace considerable material damage, or prosecution (Art. 229 of the Law on Criminal Procedure). The witness answered the general questions as follows:

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 1) Name and family name | Nenad Golubović |
| 2) Father's name | Vlajko |
| 3) Occupation | economist |
| 4) Address | Čačak, Braće Glišića St. No. 12 |
| 5) Place of birth | Čačak |
| 6) Date of birth | 4 May 1961 |
| 7) Relation to the accused or the wronged party – | |

With regard to the case, the witness stated the following:

The witness has been warned that it is his duty to tell the truth, and he gave the following statement in response to the questions of the investigative judge:

I have my own private company and I am a friend of the Frenchmen Daniel Shiffer, who wanted to visit Kosovo and Metohija with a group of foreign journalists to acquaint themselves with the situation in the Province.

To that end, I left with my friend, now late Nebojša Radojević, in two cars for Kosovo and Metohija on Friday, 28 May 1999. We were accompanied by three Portuguese journalists, one Englishwoman and one Italian, all journalists.

We first visited Kosovska Mitrovica, then Priština, from where we planned to go to Prizren. We left for Prizren over Mt. Brezovica and on Sunday, 30 May, when we came to Rečani, we learned that the tunnel, situated at a distance of 6 km from Prizren, was demolished a day before by NATO bombing and that we would not be able to pass through the tunnel by car but instead that we could drive to the tunnel and from there go on foot to Prizren. We did so. When we reached the tunnel which was buried and did not render passage possible, Nebojša Radojević stayed behind with the two cars to wait for us, while I walked with Shiffer and five journalists around the tunnel and farther, to Prizren, where we stayed until the afternoon. We had transportation provided for us from Prizren to the tunnel. When our group walked around the demolished tunnel, we found ourselves in the space between that buried tunnel and another tunnel in the opposite direction from Prizren, on the damaged road. Suddenly, an airplane followed by another flew over and we heard four explosions, which were a few minutes apart. Stones flew all around us. Fortunately, I was not injured, but was only bruised. However, Daniel Shiffer sustained broken right arm and broken left fourth rib. Portuguese journalist Elsa Maruyo was injured in the right shin, without fracture. The English journalist Eve Prentice was also slightly injured in the leg. All the others in the group were badly bruised, like myself, our clothes were torn and destroyed, and we were all covered with a thick layer of dust.

When I pulled myself together, at the entrance of the tunnel facing Rečani, a few dozen yards from where we were injured, I saw my car Toyota Carina E, license plate ČA 131-478, which was totally demolished (I had to abandon this car, because the damage was 100%) and in this car I saw Nebojša Radojević. Blood was running from his head, and the back of his head was blown off, so that the brain was exposed. He did not give any signs of life. The late Nebojša Radojević was the tourist manager in the company Comet Travel, he lived in Belgrade, in Zage Malivuk Street No. 5. He left behind a wife and a 7-year old son.

We were all given first aid in the military field hospital in the village of Lokvica.

I was left without a car worth DM 20,000.

I have photographs taken by the Italian journalist who was in my company and have footage taken by Carlos Pinote, who works for Portuguese television.

Some 15 minutes after we had been injured and when these 4-5 missiles had struck, I returned to the spot with a physician whom I met accidentally, because that doctor was dispatched to help us. When we came close to my car in which Nebojša lay dead, we were bombed again with two missiles. They were aiming at the car in which I was with the physician whose name is Goran. It was a white Mercedes ambulance. However, given the confusion and my state of mind at that time, I cannot ascertain whether the car was marked with a red cross or not. We had to run away when the first missile struck and I have an impression that we only just saved ourselves from being hit.

After that, we took Nebojša, who was not giving any signs of life, from the car.

That is all I have to say. I listened to the minutes being dictated aloud, I recognize them as mine and sign them without objection.

Concluded at 10:30 a.m.
(signed by witness)

Court clerk
(signed)

Investigative judge
(signed)

MINUTES OF THE TESTIMONY OF WITNESS

Taken on 24 June 1999 before the investigative judge of the District Court in Belgrade, in the criminal proceedings against unknown persons for committing a criminal act referred to in Art. 141 of the Penal Code of Yugoslavia.

Investigative Judge

Ilija Simić

Court Clerk

Stana Mitrić

Witness

Miodrag Radojević

Also present at the testimony are:

Public Prosecutor

The Accused

Defense Counsel

The hearing began at 10:00 a.m.

It was brought to the attention of the witness that it is his duty to tell the truth and not to withhold anything; he was warned of the consequences of giving false testimony. He was also warned that he is under no obligation to answer specific questions likely to expose himself or next of kin to disgrace, considerable material damage, or prosecution (Art. 229 of the Law on Criminal Procedure). The witness answered the general questions as follows:

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1) Name and family name | Miodrag Radojević |
| 2) Father's name | Života |
| 3) Occupation | pensioner |
| 4) Address | Belgrade, Grčića Milenka St. No. 4-b |
| 5) Place of birth | Gornji Milanovac, village of Brusnica |
| 6) Date of birth | 10 May 1933 |
| 7) Relation to the accused or the wronged party – | |

With regard to the case, the witness stated the following:

The witness has been warned that it is his duty to tell the truth, and he gave the following statement in response to the questions of the investigative judge:

I am the father of now late Nebojša Radojević, who was born on 17 October 1961 in Belgrade. His mother's name is Ljiljana Mijatović.

Nebojša was my only child. He lived in a separate household with his wife and an 8-year old son. He lived in Belgrade, Zage Malivuk St. No. 5.

My son was in the tourist business and spoke five foreign languages. Therefore, he was engaged by the Press Center as an interpreter for foreign journalists who have been coming to our country lately.

My son went to Kosovo in this capacity on a number of occasions and happened to be there on 30 May 1999, to accompany a group of foreign journalists and Daniel Shiffer, when he was killed.

I heard of my son's death incidentally on television, the same day, 30 May 1999, in the evening. Actually, in the transcript from the Death Registrar, a copy of which I enclose, 31 May is written as the date of his death, which is incorrect, because he lost his life a day earlier.

I heard the details of how my son lost his life from Nenad Golubović, who was my son's friend and who was with him near Prizren when my son lost his life.

As I have already mentioned, the late Nebojša was my wife's and my own only child, he took care of us, particularly in view of our impaired health, so that his death is a great loss for us in this respect too.

That is all I have to say, I listened to the minutes being dictated aloud, I do not want to read them, I accept them as mine and sign them without objection.

Concluded at 10:30 a.m.
(signed by witness)

Court clerk
(signed)

Investigative judge
(signed)

FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA
REPUBLIC OF SERBIA
Municipality of Priština

DEATH CERTIFICATE

Issued according to the Death Register for the area of Priština, under number 856 for the year 1999, for the following entry of death K-80/378:

First name and sex	Nebojša – male
Surname and surname from previous marriage, if any	Radojević
Identification number	(blank)
Day, month, year and time of death	31 May 1999
Place and municipality of death	Priština
Day, month and year of birth	17 October 1961
Place and municipality of birth; country (for persons born abroad)	Belgrade
Citizenship	FRY
Domicile and address	Belgrade, Zage Malivuk 5
Marital status	married
Name, surname and surname of spouse before marriage, from previous marriage, if any	(blank)
Names and surname of parents of the deceased:	
Father	Miodrag
Mother	Ljiljana
Additional notes and remarks:	(blank)

No. – 203 –

Place: Priština

Date: 2 June 1999

Seal affixed

Registrar's signature
N. Todorović

Наш драги



Небојша М. Радојевић

1961 - 1999



изгубио живот бранећи своју домовину, код Призрена
30. маја 1999. године.

Сахрана ће се обавити у петак 4. јуна 1999. године у 14,00
часова на Новом гробљу у Београду.

ОЖАЛОШЋЕНИ:

син ФИЛИП, супруга МАЈА, мајка ЉИЉАНА, отац
МИОДРАГ, многобројна родбина и пријатељи.

Општа ЈП "Погребне услуге" Београд
Презлићева 50

Our beloved
Nebojša M. Radojević
1961-1999

lost his life defending his homeland near Prizren on 30 May 1999.

The funeral will take place on Friday, 4 June 1999 at 2:00 p.m., on the New Cemetery in Belgrade.

Bereaved:

son Filip, wife Maja, mother Ljiljana, father Miodrag, relatives and friends.

The Bridge in Varvarin

On May 30, 1999, at 1:05 p.m. and 1:15 p.m., the bridge over the river Velika Morava in Varvarin was hit and destroyed by three missiles. The attack took place on a market day when around 2,000 people were in the vicinity of the bridge. Nine persons were killed: Stojan Ristić (1943), Zoran Marinković (1966), Tola Apostolović (1925), Milan Savić (1975), Vojkan Stanković (1968), Milivoje Ćirić (1933), all from Varvarin. Also killed were: Ružica Simonović (1939) from D. Katun, Dragoslav Terzić (1931) from Paraćin and Sanja Milenković (1983) from D. Katun. Twelve persons were severely injured and two suffered minor injuries. In addition, two persons are still missing and the search is in progress. All the surrounding buildings were considerably damaged. (photos 96-105)



Photo 96 *Close-up of the destroyed bridge in Varvarin 9 people lost their lives and 32 were injured*



Photo 97 Traces of blood on the driving lane in front of the destroyed bridge



Photo 98 Dead body of Stojan Ristić (1943) killed on the bridge

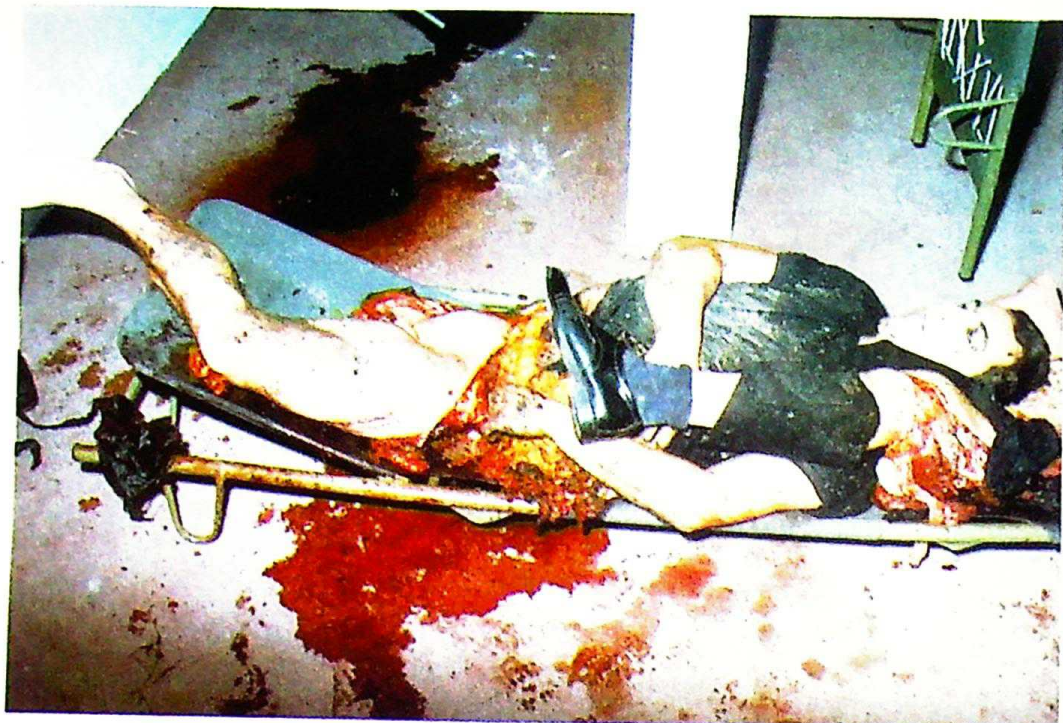


Photo 99 Dead body of Zoran Marinković (1966)

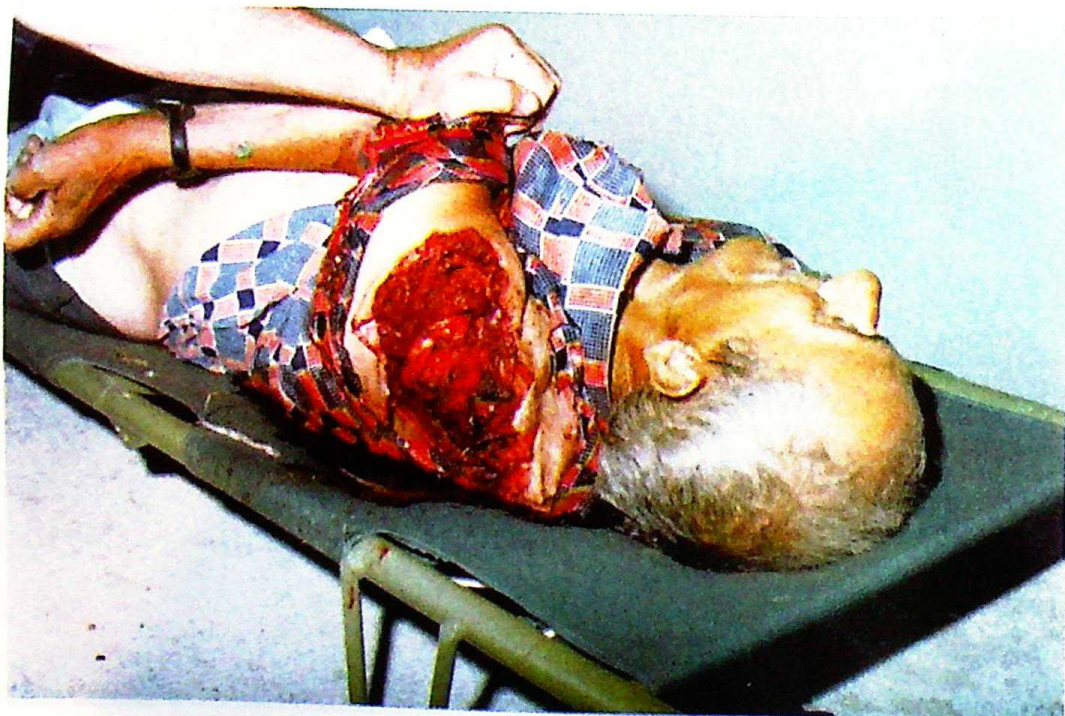


Photo 100 Dead body of Tola Apostolović (1925)

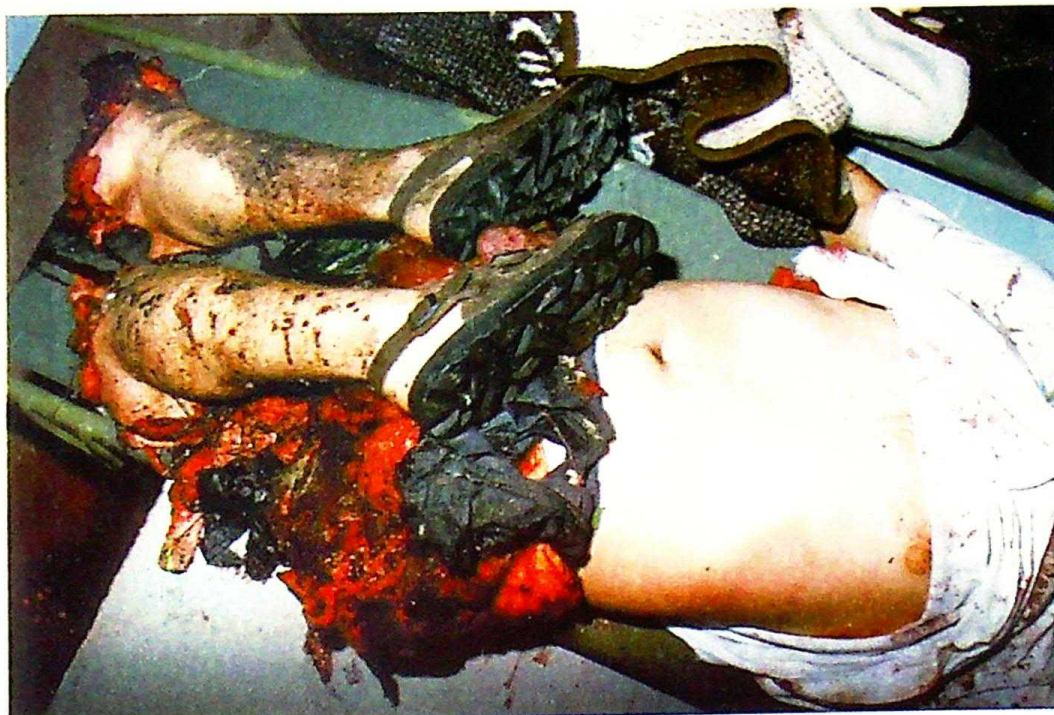


Photo 101 Ripped off parts of the body of Milan Savić (1975)

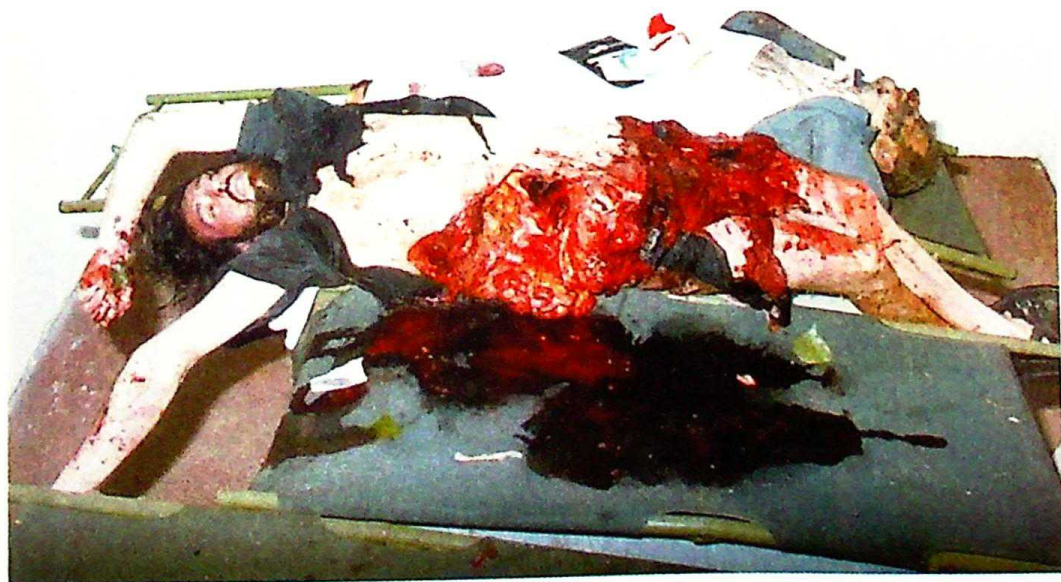


Photo 102 Dead body of Vojkan Stanković (1968)



Photo 103 Dead body of priest Milivoje Ćirić (1933)



Photo 104 Dead body of Ružica Simonović (1939)

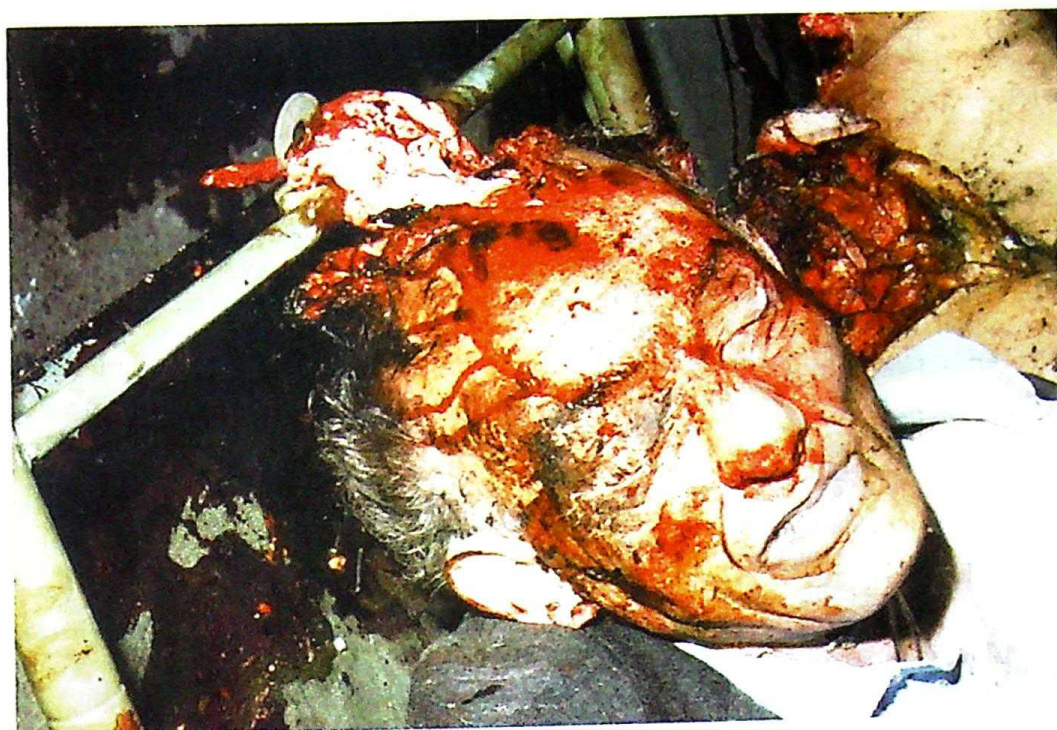


Photo 105 Head injuries of Dragoslav Terzić

MINUTES OF THE TESTIMONY OF WITNESS

Made on 23 June 1999 before the investigative judge of the Municipal Court in Varvarin in connection with the interviewing of relatives – father – of tragically deceased Sanja Milenković from D. Katun, Zoran Milenković from D. Katun, whose daughter lost her life on the bridge in Varvarin on 30 May 1999 during the bombing of the bridge by NATO warplanes, at the request of the Yugoslav Committee for Gathering Evidence About Crimes Committed Against Humanity and International Law.

Present:

Investigative judge Mirjana Pavić

Court clerk Slavomirka Stanojević.

The hearing began at 2:00 p.m.

Zoran Milenković from Donji Katun, father of tragically deceased Sanja Milenković from Donji Katun, who lost her life during the bombing of the bridge on the Velika Morava by NATO warplanes on 30 May 1999, appeared before the Court and stated:

Sanja Milenković from Donji Katun, born on 30 November 1983 in Kruševac to father Zoran and mother Vesna Milenković nee Randelović.

She completed her elementary education in Varvarin with straight A's. She earned the Vuk Diploma, since the 4th grade she participated in competitions in mathematics. In the 4th and 5th grades she won the first places in the District Competition with 100 (maximum) points. In the 6th grade she scored 3rd in the Republican and 3rd in the Federal Mathematics Competition. In the 7th grade she was the 3rd in the Republican and in the 8th grade 2nd in the Republican and 4th in the Federal Competition.

She participated in the competitions in chemistry and physics and won awards.

She was a participant in the Chemistry Olympiad in the 7th grade and won 87 out of maximum 100 points.

In 1998/99 school year she enrolled in the Mathematics High School in Belgrade. As a particularly talented candidate, she did not have to take entrance examination. She participated in the republican competition, while the federal competition was canceled because of war which broke out. Although freshman, she was a candidate for the Olympic team in mathematics.

She was also preparing for the competition in chemistry, scheduled to be held in April.

Her ill-fated death put an end to her ambition, dreams and successes. We, her parents, received the certificate on the completion of the 1st grade, with straight A's.

She left us at the age of 15 and a half years to grieve and suffer: father Zoran, teacher of mathematics at the High School and Technical School in Varvarin, mother Vesna, bachelor of law, brother Saša, High School freshmen who started school two years earlier to be with his sister, both grandfathers and grandmothers.

Her wish and ambition was to engage in scientific work, so that NATO bombers interrupted all her aspirations and hopes, they killed a girl who emanated kindness, energy and knowledge.

Those who knew her well have said a lot in the public media about her as a person, friend and student, and we volunteer this evidence to those who demolished bridges – embodiments of life – with evil intentions and extinguished people's lives on those bridges.

Concluded at 2:45 p.m.

Court clerk
(signature)

L.S.

Investigative judge
(signature)

FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA
REPUBLIC OF SERBIA
Municipality of Varvarin

DEATH CERTIFICATE

Issued according to the Death Register for the area of Varvarin, under number 18 for the year 1999, for the following entry of death:

First name and sex	Sanja, female
Surname and surname from previous marriage, if any	Milenković
Identification number	3011983786017
Day, month, year and time of death	30 May 1999 at 1:15 p.m.
Place and municipality of death	Varvarin, bridge
Day, month and year of birth	30 November 1983
Place and municipality of birth; country (for persons born abroad)	Kruševac, Kosovska St. No. 16
Citizenship	R. of Serbia, FRY
Domicile and address	Donji Katun
Marital status	single
Name, surname and surname of spouse before marriage, from previous marriage, if any	(blank)
Names and surname of parents of the deceased:	
Father	Zoran Milenković
Mother	Vesna Milenković nee Randelović
Additional notes and remarks:	Entry read!

No. 203-205/99

Place: Varvarin
Date: 25 June 1999

Seal affixed

Registrar's signature
J. Nešić



Our beloved and never forgotten

1983 – 1999

Sanja Milenković

student of the Mathematics High School in Belgrade

perished tragically in the bombing of the Varvarin Bridge on 30 May 1999 at 1:10 p.m. at the age of 15.

The funeral will take place on 31 May 1999 at 3:00 p.m., on the cemetery in Donji Katun.

Bereaved:

father Zoran, mother Vesna, brother Saša, grandfathers Ljuba and Vlada, grandmothers Branka and Marica, numerous relatives from Donji Katun and Ćicevac.

САВЕЗНА РЕПУБЛИКА ЈУГОСЛАВИЈА
РЕПУБЛИКА СРБИЈА

МАТЕМАТИЧКА ГИМНАЗИЈА

у Београду
Деловодни број 1531 13 13 19 99
Број матичне књиге 13

Решением бр. 022-05-266/94-03 от 08.04.1994.год.

Министарство просвете

утврђено je da škola ispunjava uslove za rad.

СВЕДОЧАНСТВО

Милешкович Сања

Сек-им Зорана рођена 30. II. 1983 год. у Кржевцу

Општина Крушевац, држава Србија

похвална полагање испите школске 1998/1999 година Дрва пут Дрва

разряд гимназиста-смерда. Иттироджона йема туркской

и показвао-ла следећи успех:

Српски језик и књижевност
Страни језик *енглески*
Психологија
Историја
Географија
Физика
Хемија
Физичко васпитање
Анализа са алгебром
Геометрија
Рачунарство и информатика
Други страни језик *немакки (фак.)*
Ликовна култура
Музичка култура

1. *огултан* (5)
 2. *огултан* (5)
 3. *огултан* (5)
 4. *огултан* (5)
 5. *огултан* (5)
 6. *огултан* (5)
 7. *огултан* (5)
 8. *огултан* (5)
 9. *огултан* (5)
 10. *огултан* (5)
 11. *огултан* (5)
 12. *огултан* (5)
 13. *огултан* (5)
 14. *огултан* (5)
 15. *огултан* (5)

[illegible]

— (UML)

Одольеньски старшина

Владанко:

Редован-варовдан* ученик (а са успешним 15,00 успехом

заврши на први разред

у Београду

Одольський Євдоким

Одольски Гаршань,
Виктор Кадарский

MLY

Директор

Проф. др Милан О. Раслоповић

* Необходимо провести в т.ч.

“У “Наполеона” се утискује успех ученика постигнут на испиту-ма по одобреном програму на сцену-и в друго.

Federal Republic of Yugoslavia
Republic of Serbia
Mathematics High School in Belgrade
Journal No. 153/13 of 18 June 1999
Registry No. 13.

The school is licensed for operation by the Decision of the Ministry of Education
No. 022-05-266/03 of 8 April 1994.

CERTIFICATE

Sanja Milenković, father's name Zoran, born on 30 November 1983 in Kruševac, Municipality of Kruševac, Serbia, attended in the school year 1998/99 for the first time the first grade of the high school, sciences and mathematics major, and has shown the following result:

Serbian language and literature	excellent (5)
Foreign language - English	excellent (5)
History	excellent (5)
Geography	excellent (5)
Physics	excellent (5)
Chemistry	excellent (5)
Physical education	excellent (5)
Analysis with algebra	excellent (5)
Geometry	excellent (5)
Computer and information science	excellent (5)
Second foreign language - German (optional)	excellent (5)
Behaviour	exemplary (5)

The full-time student completed the first grade with excellent result (5.00 average grade).

In Belgrade, 18 June 1999

Homeroom teacher
(signed) Ljiljana Čabarkapa

L.S.

School Principal
(signed) Prof. Dr. Milan O. Raspopović

ОДБОР ЗА ПРИБЛИЖАЊЕ СУДИТАКА И КРИМИНАЛНИХ
СТАТИСТИКА ОДНОС ЧОВЕЧНОСТИ И МЕЂУНАРОДНОГ ПРАВА
Београд



ПРИМЉЕНО: 05-07-1999			
Орг. јед.	Број	Примљено	Врећност
02	295/99Д.		

Математичка гимназија - Београд
додељује

Диплому

за постигнуте резултате

Миленовић Сања

Београд

18. 6. 1999. год.



Директор

Миленовић Сања

Mathematics High School - Belgrade
awards

Sanja Milenkovic
with a

Diploma

for outstanding results

Belgrade, 18 June 1999

L.S.

School Principal
(signed)

The Tunnel near Sremska Kamenica (photos 106–109)



Photo 106 Bombed tunnel leading to the "Sloboda" bridge from Sremska Kamenica to Novi Sad, May 30, 1999

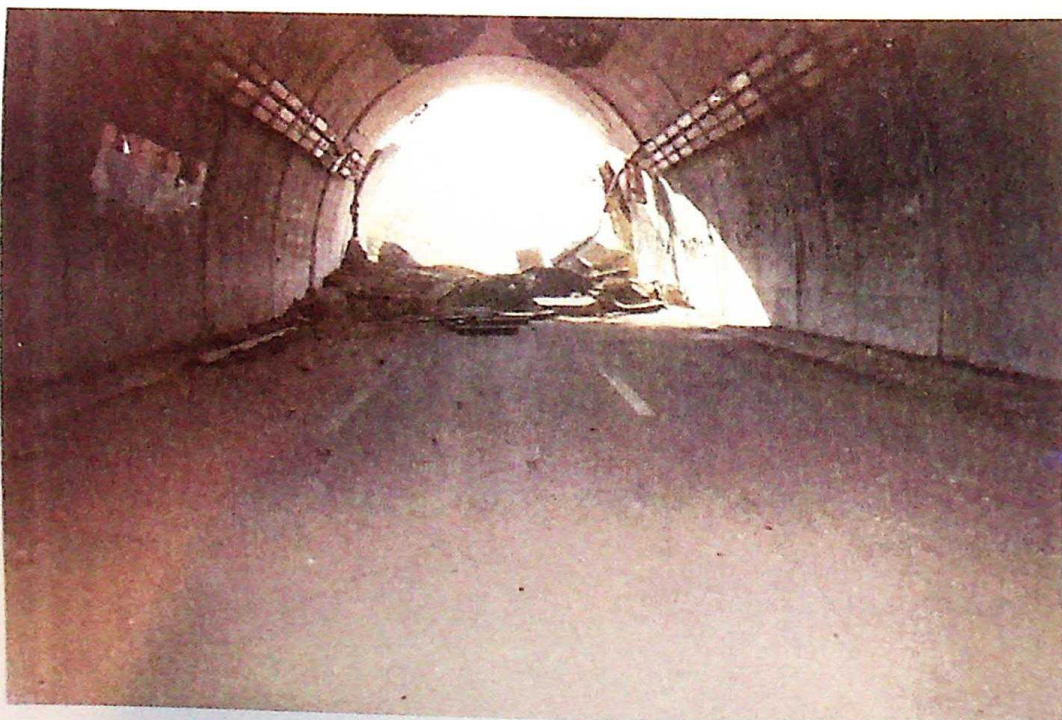


Photo 107 The damage viewed from inside the tunnel, May 30, 1999



Photo 108 Repeated bombing of the tunnel leading from Sremska Kamenica to the "Sloboda" bridge in Novi Sad, May 31, 1999



Photo 109 One of the craters caused by a missile impact, viewed from inside the tunnel, May 31, 1999

The Flyover near Veliko Orašje (photos 110–111)



Photo 110 Demolished flyover on the Belgrade–Niš motorway, the area of the village Orašje, which collapsed on the Belgrade–V. Plana railway tracks on June 2, 1999, V. Plana (3rd attack)



Photo 111 Close-up of the demolished flyover near V. Plana, June 2, 1999

The Bridge on the Jasenica in Velika Plana (2 June 1999) (photos 112–113)



Photo 112 Bombed bridge over the river Jasenica on the Belgrade–Niš motorway, near V. Plana, June 2, 1999 (3rd attack)



Photo 113 Craters on the bridge over the river Jasenica in V. Plana, June 2, 1999



Bombing of Relays and Repeaters

Iriški Venac (photos 1-2)



Photo 1 Demolished building at the foot of the Serbian Radio Television (RTS) transmitter tower on Iriški Venac, April 27, 1999 (1st attack)



Photo 2 View of the dome of the bombed radio and TV transmitter tower of RTS on Iriški Venac, April 28, 1999 (2nd attack)

INVESTIGATION REPORT

Made on April 27, 1999

The investigation was conducted with reference to a missile attack on the building of "Ušće" Business Centre in New Belgrade, Milentija Popovića Street.

Investigation attended by:

INVESTIGATIVE JUDGE
Branislav Blažić

PUBLIC PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE
Deputy Nebojša Maraš (Belgrade)

Police investigation team of the Ministry
of the Interior of the Republic of Serbia – Belgrade
Secretariat

On April 27, 1999, I was summoned by the Belgrade Secretariat police department on duty to conduct an investigation of the damage inflicted on the building of "Ušće" Business Centre. The investigation commenced at 11:45 a.m.

I found a police investigation team on the spot, photographing and video-taping the scene.

Several objects were found in the park around the building, originating from the previous missile attack. As explained by Mr. Živković, the police inspector on duty, the previously inflicted damage is visible on the second floor above the south entrance, on the second floor above the west entrance, and on the second and tenth floors above the north entrance. The roof damage was also visible, but inaccessible due to the damage inside the building. The lifts were unserviceable and the staircase impossible to use.

New damage inflicted on the night between April 26 and 27, 1999, was detected on the roof and the twenty-fourth floor. A roof-top antenna was directly hit and bent eastwards.

According to the oral information provided by the police investigation team, four security workers were on duty in the close proximity of the building on the night of the attack, none of whom sustained any injuries, nor have any other casualties been reported as a result of the bombing.

Based upon visual observation, it was stated that two large windows were broken on the top floor of "Jugopetrol" administration building. The tenants from nearby apartment buildings reported damage on their flats to the police investigation team, consisting of broken glass on windows and doors.

No other damage was directly reported to the investigation judge on call in the course of investigation procedure.

Based upon visual observation of the judiciary building - "Palace of Justice", 17-a Slobodana Penezića Street, two large glass walls were damaged by the detonation: one to the left from the main entrance, and the other in the post-office section.

At the time of investigation it was not even remotely possible to establish the extent of the damage since the destruction and damage were immense, not only on the building of "Ušće" Business Centre and nearby apartment buildings, but on the "Palace of Justice" as well.

The investigation was concluded at 12:20 p.m.

INVESTIGATIVE JUDGE
(sgd) Branislav Blažić

Republic of Serbia
MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR
BELGRADE SECRETARIAT
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION POLICE DEPT.
Investigation and Operations Division
Belgrade, April 27, 1999
Ref. No. _____/99

REPORT

On April 27, 1999, around 1:05 a.m., during the second attack of NATO air forces on the building of "Ušće" Business Centre in New Belgrade, No. 2 Bulevar Mihajla Pupina, the top of the building was damaged most probably by one missile. Since the building was heavily damaged during the first bombing, two top floors are now completely destroyed, including all the aerials on the roof.

The detonation has damaged 15 large glasses on the Federal Government building, situated on No. 2 Bulevar Nikole Tesle. This was reported by DJURA JEFTIĆ, internal security officer, who stated that the east wing and the ceremonial entrance were particularly damaged.

As reported by PETAR PAVIĆ, the tenants' association chairman, around 60 window panes were completely broken on the apartment building on No. 11 Bulevar Lenjina Street.

According to the statement of IVICA ROKVIĆ, the tenants' association chairman, around 30 window panes were broken on the flats, as well as 11 shop windows of "Pekabeta" store located on the ground floor of the apartment building on No. 7 Bulevar Lenjina Street.

Around 70% of window panes were broken in 45 flats of the apartment building on No. 3 Bulevar Lenjina Street, including the windows of "Apotekarsko Beograd" pharmacy and "Dućan" store situated on the ground floor of the building.

Two large shop windows were broken on the store of DD "AGROPROMET" from Kruševac, Belgrade, No. 4 Karadjordjeva Street, reported BRANKO JOZ, the store manager.

Six large shop windows were broken on the evacuated premises of "Jugolaboratorija", No. 41 Karadjordjeva Street, including one large shop window of PP "KONTINENT" located in the same building.

Two shop windows were broken on "PETROHEMIJA" store, No. 23 Karadjordjeva Street. The windows are protected by locked grills and nobody in charge of the store was found on the spot.

Three window panes were broken on the private bakery on No. 15, Karadjordjeva Street, owned by MILOMIR RADOVIĆ.

Several panes were broken on the windows and the entrance to the "EOL" boat-restaurant parked on Ušće, owned by VESNA OBRADOVIĆ, including a demolished toilet in which tiles were found on the floor. The detonation probably caused a powerful jerk of the boat that resulted in an electricity cut. The actual damage will be assessed at a later stage.

Milan Knežević, a criminal investigation police technician, photographed the scene in "as is" condition.

Second Lieutenant
(sgd) Dragiša Živković

INVESTIGATION REPORT

Made on behalf of the Ministry of the Interior of the Republic of Serbia, Belgrade Secretariat, pursuant to Article 154, paragraph 2, in connection with Article 238 of the Law on Criminal Procedure.

Belgrade Date: April 27, 1999
(investigation location)

The investigation conducted by an authorized officer
Dragiša Živković Investigation performed with expert
(full name) participation of:

Milan Knežević
(full name)

recording clerk (full name)

Before initiating the investigation procedure, the following has been established:

The scene was visited based on the report that buildings were damaged by a NATO
alliance bombing on April 27, 1999 at 1:05 a.m.
(description of event)

The investigation is attended by _____

The investigation started at 8:00 a.m.

An on-site investigation established the following:

The scene consists of several locations on No. 2 Bulevar Mihajla Pupina Street, the address of the building of "Ušće" Business Centre, which was targeted for the second time. There is a visible damage on the very top of the building most probably caused by a direct hit of one missile only. The detonation from the exploded missile damaged the windows on a large number of apartment buildings and business premises. The report contains a detailed description of the damage.

Milan Knežević, a criminal investigation police technician, photographed the scene in "as is" condition.

The scene was visited by Branislav Blažić, an investigative judge on call of the Belgrade District Court, and Nebojša Maraš, Deputy Public Prosecutor.

Second Lieutenant
(sgd) Dragiša Živković

The Avala TV Tower (photos 3-4)



Photo 3 Broad view of the destroyed TV tower on Mt. Avala, April 29, 1999



Photo 4 View of the destroyed 120 m high antenna pole on Mt. Avala



Photo 5 View of the bombed RTS building in Novi Sad, No. 45 Kamenički put St., May 4, 1999 (1st attack)



Photo 6 View of the toppled radio and TV tower of TV "Novi Sad" (1st attack)

Republic of Serbia
NOVI SAD DISTRICT COURT
Investigative Judge
No. Kri. 485/99
Date: May 4, 1999
NOVI SAD

INVESTIGATION REPORT

Made on the occasion of the bombardment by NATO alliance of RTS – Novi Sad Radio and Television (RTNS) building on May 3, 1999

INVESTIGATION ATTENDED BY:

On behalf of the Court:
Investigative judge
JADRANKA BULJEVIĆ

On behalf of Novi Sad Police Dept.:
Field operative officer
ŽELJKO MARJANOVIĆ

On behalf of Public
Prosecutor's Office:
Deputy ZVEZDAN ŽIVANOV

Criminal investigation technician:
KOSTADIN RADOVANOVIĆ

The investigation started at 8:00 a.m. on May 4, 1999.

The subject of investigation is the building of RTS-RTS Novi Sad in Petrovaradin, No. 45 Kamenički put, in the area known by the name of Mišeluk, which was the target of NATO bombers on May 3, 1999. Two big central facilities were hit by one missile each.

The RTS compound comprises several facilities. Among them are two three-storey central buildings. One of them lies parallel with the Petrovaradin-Sremska Kamenica road. Its left part (in the shape of a Cyrillic letter G) stands at an angle of 90 degrees in relation to the road. The longer side of another, newer building stands at an angle of 90 degrees in relation to the road. Parallel with the newer building, there is a props hangar, with a generator house behind.

On the opposite, right-hand side of the new building, there are two prefabricated facilities (20 m x 40 m) and one facility built of solid material. One of the former facilities accommodates a mechanical workshop, a storage area for live broadcast vans and a lathe workshop, whereas the other, as well as the solid one of about 100 square metres, is a combined props warehouse, with a car wash behind.

Next to the road, there are two smaller brick houses and a prefabricated house, belonging to the RTS Maintenance Unit.

On May 3, 1999, at 9:40 p.m. and at 9:50 p.m., two NATO missiles hit the facilities of RTS. The first one directly hit the roof of the old building, just above the studio. The building composed of a ground floor and two upper floors, housed a cafeteria, archive, terminal, studio and an executive office. On the roof, just above the studio, there is an

oval crater, about 15 m long; about 10 m wide and 5 m deep. The flat roof made of reinforced concrete was penetrated. The interior of the studio caught fire and everything in it is burnt (such as cameras and other equipment). Most of the valuable equipment had already been evacuated from all RTS buildings.

There is not a single glass on the old building that has not been broken, the doors are disjoint, installations damaged and the furniture almost completely demolished, so that the building is unfit for any use. The damage is total.

An antenna pole (with four dishes), adjacent to the old building, remained intact.

The second missile hit the roof of the new building, on its front part facing the road. The building has an external cladding made of red face brick, and consists of a basement, a ground floor and three upper floors. There is an oval crater on the roof of about 20 m in length, 15 m in width and 5 m deep.

An antenna pole was located exactly on the spot of the missile impact. The missile hit the foot of the antenna, the explosion severed the antenna from the foot and the whole pole collapsed on the roof. This roof, too, is flat and built of reinforced concrete. The demolition of the antenna pole cut off the broadcasting of TV Palma, BK TV and Radio Skala.

The explosion and the ensuing fire that broke out in the front part of the building, completely destroyed the second and third floors. Fire was still smoldering while the investigation was in progress. The staircase leading to the first floor is demolished; all ceilings, doors, windows and installations in the entire building, from basement to the first floor, are damaged.

The extension of the new building consists of a ground floor and three upper floors, without a basement, is clad on the outside with gray metallic painted metal sheets. It has remained as one whole in terms of civil engineering structure. Any major damage on the building static stability cannot be detected by visual inspection. There is only damage on a smaller part of the roof on the third floor, close to the place of explosion. All window panes and front door glass are broken. Almost all doors are disjoint. There is no visible damage in the interior of the building where two executive offices, a studio, a multi-lingual programme editorial offices, NS Plus channel and part of the equipment were located. In other words, the furniture, TV sets, two or three PC's, telephones and paintings on the walls are fully preserved. The only damage is visible on parts of the furniture made of glass.

The props warehouse sustained the following damage: demolished roof structure, disjoint doors and broken windows. A large portion of props is damaged, too.

The mechanical workshop and a section of the props warehouse are of prefabricated type. They are about 30 m far from the new building. The walls and roof structure are broken, but the stuff and machines inside remained undamaged. The ground floor brick building, which also serves for storing the props, has damaged roof structure, doors, windows and ceiling. The damage is total since the building was rather old.

Two Maintenance Unit facilities, built of solid material, have damaged roof structure, broken window panes and disjoint doors. However, on the whole, in terms of structure, the facilities are usable.

A prefabricated shack, belonging to the Maintenance Unit, is completely wrecked. Its roof structure is demolished, ceilings are cracked and falling off, walls, windows and doors are broken and disjoint, and all the installations destroyed (radiators, electricity and water supply). Except for a few pieces of furniture, everything inside is destroyed. The damage is total and irreparable.

Small craters are noticeable in the area surrounding the RTS building, 30 to 60 cm in diameter, caused by missile fragments pounding into the ground. One rectangular missile was found, 35 cm x 15 cm, with partially legible inscription:

W U-2/B
SSY 704AS3700-3
83-2538
V.TION DATE 96 AUG 31
NO HOLD
TDV

A dozen passenger cars near the RTS buildings were damaged - broken glasses and punctured tyres.

A few civilian houses and private business premises in close proximity of the RTS building have been damaged.

Restaurant "Bolero" and "Kafe sport" bar, owned by Borislav Vučurević, are located about 40 m from the RTS building, in Petrovaradin, No. 43 Kamenički put Street. The restaurant and the flat above it (totalling 204 square metres) sustained extensive damage. The roof structure is damaged, ceilings have fallen off, most of the furniture is damaged, windows are broken, doors are disjoint, walls cracked. The restaurant was luxuriously decorated (demolished baroque-style wooden ornaments). Also destroyed are auxiliary facilities, such as laundry, garage, summer kitchen as well as the swimming pool and the tennis court. Rough estimate of the damage amounts to approximately YU Dinars 7,000,000.

Beside restaurant "Bolero" is the house and the office (combined area of around 130 square metres), as well as an auxiliary building, owned by Aleksandar Markićević, a lawyer, which is completely ruined. The roof structure is demolished, bearing walls cracked in three places, ceilings are cracked and falling off, windows, doors and shutters are broken and disjoint, furniture destroyed. One iron beam flew over from the RTS building, burst through the study wall near the window and partly landed inside the house. The extent of the damage is such that it is beyond repair and amounts to approximately YU Dinars 2,000,000.

The house of approximately 100 square metres, owned by Samuel Čeman, is at No. 41 Kamenički put Street. Its roof tiles are demolished, doors and three windows disjoint, 6 window panes are broken, the ceiling has fallen off in 4 rooms, the kitchen walls have cracked. The shed is completely ruined, especially its roof structure. The same applies to the roof structure of a prefabricated garage whose walls are deformed. The damage is estimated at YU Dinars 100,000.

The old house and the new house, owned by Ivan Vukoja, are located on the address: No. 25 Kamenički put Street. The old house, refurbished as a comfortable dwelling place, has two disjoint front doors - one made of iron and the other made of oak tree. Four window panes are broken. The shutters are broken and ruined. The ceiling has fallen off in one of the rooms, while the wall in another room is cracked and crooked. On the new house, roof tiles are dislocated and 50 of them broken. The garage door and the hall door are disjoint and broken, including the glass on the front door. An electric meter has melted. The damage amounts to approximately YU Dinars 50,000.

On the right-hand side of the new RTS building, viewed from the direction of Kamenički put Street, right next to the fence, there is a ground floor house under

construction. Its roof tiles are broken and three windows and one door disjoint. The damage amounts to approximately YU Dinars 6,000.

Broken and loose roof tiles are visible on several dwelling houses that are about 100 m far from the RTS building.

All the RTS facilities sustained a total and immeasurable damage.

The location was photographed and filmed with a video camera. Thus compiled material constitutes an integral part of this report.

The investigation was concluded at 10:30 a.m.

INVESTIGATIVE JUDGE
(sgd) Jadranka Buljević

This is to confirm and verify that this copy is true to the original:

NOVI SAD DISTRICT COURT PRESIDENT
(sgd) Žikica Dronjak

The Repeater on Mt. Rudnik (*photos 7-8*)



Photo 7 Demolished repeater of RTV "Politika" on Mt. Rudnik–Gornji Milanovac, May 8, 1999



Photo 8 Damaged antenna pole of "Mobtel" repeater on Mt. Rudnik–Gornji Milanovac, May 8, 1999

The Repeater on the Vršac Hill *(photos 9-10)*

On May 11, 1999, at 10:25 p.m., one missile hit the antenna pole and the newly built RTS building on Vršački breg, accommodating broadcasting and communication equipment. Half of the building is totally destroyed, as well as one of the three antenna pole supports. *(photos 9-10)*



Photo 9 *Demolished antenna pole of the repeater in Vršac*



Photo 10 Destroyed building of the RTS repeater on Vršački breg in Vršac, May 11, 1999



Photo 11 Destroyed RTS TV Novi Sad building in Novi Sad, 45 Kamenički put St., May 13, 1999 (2nd attack)



Photo 12 Broad view of the destroyed set props warehouse and mechanical workshop of RTS TV Novi Sad, May 13, 1999 (2nd attack)

REPUBLIC OF SERBIA
NOVI SAD DISTRICT COURT
INVESTIGATIVE JUDGE
No. Kri. 529/99
Date: May 13, 1999
NOVI SAD

INVESTIGATION REPORT

Made on May 13, 1999 on the occasion of NATO bombing of Novi Sad Radio and Television, in the area called Mišeluk-Petrovaradin, Kamenički put Street.

INVESTIGATION ATTENDED BY:

On behalf of the Court
Investigative judge
Jadranka Buljević

On behalf of Novi Sad Police Dept.
Field operative officer
Željko Marjanović

On behalf of District
Attorney's Office
Zvezdan Živanov

Criminal investigation technician
Kostadin Radovanović

The investigation started at 9:15 a.m.

The subject of investigation is the building of RTS Novi Sad Radio and Television, in Mišeluk, Petrovaradin, Kamenički put Street, which was bombed with 8 missiles on the night of May 13, 1999, from 4:05 a.m. till 4:15 a.m. Four missiles hit the building compound, and another four fell outside the compound in the vicinity of civilian houses.

Neither the new, nor the old RTS buildings were directly hit by any of the missiles. Out of the 4 missiles fired at the RTS compound, two hit the ground behind the new building, viewed from the direction of Kamenički put, in front of the entrance to the new building (NS Plus studio). In fact, the missiles fell on a concrete parking lot next to the building, meaning that they hit a solid concrete surface. The first one fell at about 20 m from the new building entrance (NS Plus studio) and created a crater of 3 m x 1 m. The explosion made the entire front facade of the building crumple. The doors and windows were smashed and disjoint.

A second missile fell a little further from the first one, at about 40 m from the front of the new building and made a crater in the parking lot 1.5 m deep and 4 m in diameter. This explosion also caused considerable damage on the building exterior, as well as on a number of cars parked on the lot.

Another two missiles exploded within the compound of RTS. One of them directly hit the prefabricated props hangar and made a crater 1.2 m deep and 5 m in diameter. Since the hangar also served as a fuel storage for the RTS vehicles, the black greasy oil stains indicate that the missiles hit the storage area directly. Another missile fell between the workshop hangar and the props hangar and made a crater 1 m deep and 4 m in diameter. The workshop hangar was levelled to the ground and the props hangar was completely demolished. A third brick building next to the hangars was devastated by fire.

Therefore, it might be stated that the three buildings are totally wiped out. The buildings were located to the right from the new RTS building, viewed from the direction of Kamenički put Street.

On the left from the new building, viewed from the direction of Kamenički put Street, there is a prefabricated props warehouse. Its rear wall collapsed due to the detonation.

Two missiles (aircraft bombs) fell beyond the RTS compound, to the right thereof, viewed from the direction of Kamenički put Street. They made two craters at about 80 m and 100 m from the road respectively. Both craters are two metres deep and 5 m in diameter. Since they fell in the vicinity of a ground floor civilian house under construction, the detonation completely destroyed the building. Its roof structure collapsed, the walls, doors and windows are dislocated, so that the house is uninhabitable and beyond repair.

At least 16, and most probably even 20 vehicles were demolished on the parking lot beside the new RTS building. Those were all passenger cars of foreign and local make, but they are so much damaged and burnt that they are beyond recognition and even difficult to count. The remaining metal structures are intertwined and it would be possible to establish the accurate number of vehicles only after they have been separated.

On the left from the old RTS building, viewed from the direction of Kamenički put Street, there is an antenna pole with a dozen antennas which remained completely intact. There is also a valuable camera standing at the very entrance to the old building.

To the left from the RTS compound is a densely populated residential area. One of the missiles hit the tennis court of "Bolero" restaurant owned by Borislav Vučurević. In fact, it hit the foot of a flood light iron post on the left side of the concrete fence around the court. Since the missile exploded by hitting a soft surface, it did not make a crater. Instead, its fragments made a large number of holes in the surrounding ground. However, the explosion completely destroyed the swimming pool, the tennis court and the restaurant which had already sustained heavy damage during a previous bombing.

An eighth missile also fell outside the RTS compound, to the left if viewed from the direction of Kamenički put Street. More precisely, it fell in front of the house of Stanoje Radonjić, Petrovaradin, Vukovarska Street, 20 m away from the house. It made a crater in the garden, 2 m deep and 5 m in diameter. The house of Stanoje Radonjić was a newly built ground floor building, recently moved in. It was completely finished, except for the facade. The external west wall and half of the roof structure were destroyed, whereas some of remaining walls have either cracked or collapsed. The windows are disjoint, the glass broken and all the furniture and household appliances inside the house are demolished. The house is uninhabitable and beyond repair, so that the total damage amounts to approximately YU Dinars 3 million. The owner of the house and his wife remained unhurt since they found shelter in the cellar built of solid material.

In addition to the houses on Kamenički put Street, a large number of other private houses were damaged as well. Some of them have sustained total damage and are rendered completely unusable.

Almost all roof tiles, doors and windows on the house of Aca Antić, Petrovaradin, Vukovarska Street, are so much broken that the total damage amounts to approximately YU Dinars 20,000.

The house and auxiliary buildings of Samuel Čeman in Petrovaradin, No. 41 Kamenički put, are completely destroyed and uninhabitable. Also destroyed is a "Lada" passenger car. The total damage amounts to approximately YU Dinars 700,000.

Roof tiles are broken and part of a wall torn down of a wooden prefabricated house belonging to Dragan Donjić, Petrovaradin, No. 39 Kamenički put. The whole structure is slightly shifted. Five plywood sheets and five...boards are demolished. The damage amounts to approximately YU Dinars 40,000.

Overhead 20 kW lines and low-voltage network were damaged in front of the house No. 41, Kamenički put Street. The lines were cut off and the pole was damaged, which resulted in a power failure.

The damage inflicted on the house of Mile Borovica, Petrovaradin, No. 35 Kamenički put, includes broken glass on 4 windows, damaged wall next to the front door, cracked ceilings, some of which collapsed in two rooms. Two walls are cracked and a window dislocated in one of the rooms. A wall in the pantry has cracked just below the ceiling. The total damage amounts to approximately YU Dinars 60,000.

The house of Vidak Bulajić, No. 33 Kamenički put Street, has sustained the following damage: broken glass on 3 windows, dislocated window frames, fallen-off ceilings in 4 rooms, one ceiling cracked from side to side, cracked walls in three rooms. The total damage has been estimated at YU Dinars 90,000.

The house and auxiliary buildings of Steva Svilarević, Petrovaradin, No. 33/a Kamenički put Street, is completely damaged. The ceilings have collapsed, the walls cracked, the doors and windows broken, so that the total damage is valued at approximately YU Dinars 400,000.

Part of the roof on the house of Milenko Babić, Petrovaradin, No. 37 Kamenički put Street, has been uplifted. The doors are damaged and three window panes broken. The damage amounts to approximately YU Dinars 10,000.

The house of Marija Miškvić, Petrovaradin, No. 29 Kamenički put Street, has sustained the following damage: broken and dislocated roof tiles, broken roof structure laths, broken glass on two four-framed windows, damaged facade, cracked walls in 6 rooms, cracked and partly collapsed ceilings in 4 rooms. The damage amounts to approximately YU Dinars 70,000.

The location was photographed and filmed with a video camera, which material will constitute an integral part of this report.

The investigation was concluded at 12:00 (noon).

INVESTIGATIVE JUDGE
(sgd) Jadranka Buljević

It is hereby confirmed and verified that this photostat copy is true to the original:

NOVI SAD DISTRICT COURT PRESIDENT
(sgd) Žikica Dronjak

TV Transmitter on Mt. Kopaonik in Gobelja (19 May 1999) (photos 13-14)



Photo 13 Completely destroyed RTS TV transmitter on the location called "Gobelja", Mt. Kopaonik, Kraljevo, May 19, 1999 (3rd attack)



Photo 14 Demolished building of the RTS TV transmitter on "Gobelja", Mt. Kopaonik, Kraljevo, May 19, 1999

The Repeater on Mt. Cer (photos 15–18)



Photo 15 Bombed repeater of Telekom Srbija on Mt. Cer, Šabac, May 19, 1999
(5th attack)



Photo 16 Close-up of the demolished building and damaged antenna pole on Mt. Cer, May 19, 1999



Photo 17 Destroyed Telekom Srbija repeater on Mt. Cer, Šabac, May 20, 1999 (6th attack)



Photo 18 Close-up of the toppled antenna pole of the repeater on Mt. Cer, May 20, 1999.



Photo 19 Repeated bombing of the RTS building in Petrovaradin, Novi Sad, 45 Kamenički put St., May 26, 1999 (3rd attack)



Photo 20 Close-up view of the destroyed RTS building of TV Novi Sad (3rd attack)

RTS Novi Sad (29 May 1999)

On May 29, at 12:10 a.m., the building of RTS-TV Novi Sad, 45 Kamenički put St., Petrovaradin, was attacked for the fourth time. One missile directly hit and completely ruined the building of Novi Sad television studio. Another missile hit the generator power supply section of the building. The remaining two missiles hit the new building inflicting huge damage. In addition, one missile hit and completely destroyed the house of Vidak Bulajić who sustained grave injuries. The same explosion demolished the house of Milo Borovica, who also suffered grave injuries, and the houses of Dejan Sremčević and Dragan Stajić. Quite a few other family houses were considerably damaged, too.

The Repeater on Mt. Besna Kobilica (photos 21–22)



***Photo 21 Bombed RTS repeater on
Mt. Besna Kobilica–Vranje,
May 30, 1999***



***Photo 22 Point of the missile impact on the RTS repeater building on Mt. Besna
Kobilica–Vranje, May 30, 1999***

The Repeater on the Kozarica Hill near Dimitrovgrad (*photos 23 – 25*)



Photo 23 Bombed RTS repeater and transmitter of "Caribrod" radio station on Kozarica hill–Dimitrovgrad, May 30, 1999



Photo 24 Completely destroyed building and damaged antenna pole of the repeater on Kozarica hill–Dimitrovgrad, May 30, 1999



Photo 25 Damaged antenna pole of the radio and TV repeater on Kozarica hill—Dimitrovgrad, May 30, 1999

Transmitters in Stubline and Zvečka near Obrenovac

On May 30, 1999, at 8:45 a.m., in the village of Stubline, Obrenovac municipality, several missiles hit the short-wave broadcasting centre of Radio Jugoslavija on Valjevski put St. The centre was completely destroyed, including two 100 kV and 500 kV transmitters. (photos 26)



Photo 26 *Destroyed building of the short-wave broadcasting centre of "Radio Jugoslavija" on Valjevski put St., Stubline–Obrenovac, May 30, 1999*

On May 30, 1999, at 9:00 a.m., in the area of Zvečka village, Obrenovac municipality, the RTS transmitter on Šabački put St. was targeted by several missiles. Two of them hit the power supply section of the old building, while one missile hit and completely destroyed the Radio Belgrade 2nd and 3rd channels transmitter. The power cable between the antenna and the transmitter has been rendered unusable. The garage and the spare parts warehouse are destroyed. The nearby residential buildings are damaged by the detonation. The overall material damage is huge. (photos 27)



Photo 27 *Demolished building of the Serbian Radio and Television – medium-wave and short-wave transmitters in the village of Zvečka-Obrenovac, May 30, 1999, Repeaters and Relays*

Transmitters in Kozji Do

On June 3, 1999, at 7:25 p.m., the RTS repeater in Kozji Do, Trgovište municipality, was targeted by four missiles (photos 28-29) /

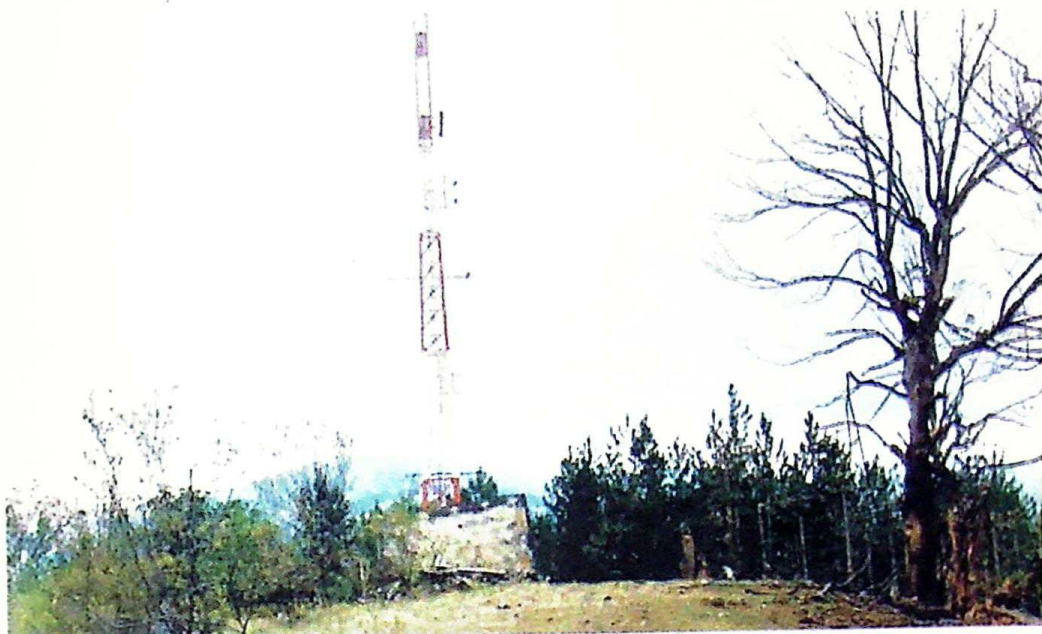


Photo 28 Bombed RTS repeater in Kozji Do, Trgovište – Vranje, 3 June 1999



Photo 29 Demolished RTS repeater facility and aerial post in Kozji Do – Vranje

The Gobelja Transmitter on Mt. Kopaonik, 3 June 1999

On June 3, 1999, at 3:28 p.m., the radio and television transmitter on "Gobelja" peak, Mt. Kopaonik, was hit and toppled by two missiles. (*photo 30-31*)



Photo 30 Demolished container with mobile telephony equipment owned by Belgrade based company "Mobtel", on the location "Gobelja", Mt. Kopaonik, June 3, 1999



Photo 31 Damaged antenna pole and the demolished "Mobtel" container on "Gobelja", Mt. Kopaonik, June 3, 1999

INVESTIGATION REPORT

Made on June 4, 1999, by an investigative judge of Raška Municipal Court regarding the bombing of a PTT pole on Mt. Kopaonik, on the location known as "Gobelja".

Investigation attended by:

Investigative judge
Srećko Topalović

Crim. inv. technician
Vojislav Petrović

Raška Public Prosecutor's Office
Milibor Nestorović

Police inspector
Lazar Milenković

Recording clerk
Nada Marenović

Police officer
Nenad Županjac

The investigation began at 9:40 a.m.

Members of the Raška police department on duty informed the investigative judge that in the afternoon of June 3, 1999 NATO alliance forces bombed the PTT pole equipped with corresponding devices, situated on Mt. Kopaonik, on the location called "Gobelja", and inflicted considerable damage in the process.

The investigative judge visited the location in order to conduct an investigation and establish that the PTT pole was targeted, including a sheet-metal container with the equipment inside, placed right beside the pole. The facility is owned by "Mobtel" Company. The PTT pole and the container are situated on the location known as "Gobelja", within an enclosed area around an RTS transmitter on Mt. Kopaonik. The pole and the container are on the north-east side of the RTS pole. The PTT pole is made of metal and fixed to the concrete footing with three supports. A circular crater (2 m deep and 8 m in diameter) was discovered to the north-east from the mentioned pole. The sheet-metal container was standing next to the pole, on the south-west side of it. The container and the pole were completely destroyed by bombing. Two pole supports are severed from the concrete footing, while the third one is damaged. All parabolic aerials and antenna rods on the pole are completely destroyed.

The investigative judge particularly emphasizes that the pole and the container served for civilian purposes only and that, except for the nearby RTS (Serbian Radio and Television) transmitter on Mt. Kopaonik, there were no military or police facilities in the broad area around the targeted spot.

The bombing did not cause any casualties or deaths.

Several missile fragments were found on the location, but without any marks on them. The location was photographed and the photographic documents constitute an integral part of this report.

According to the account of Negoslav Savić, an employee of "Genex-hoteli" company on Mt. Kopaonik, the bombing took place on June 3, 1999, around 3:30 p.m.

As a result of the assault, the container with equipment and the PTT pole, property of Belgrade based "Mobtel" Company are completely destroyed. The damage is huge and its extent will be determined by a special expert team.

The investigation was concluded at 11:55 a.m.

Recording clerk
(sgd) Nada Marenović

Investigative judge
(sgd) Srećko Topalović

Raška Police Department
Criminal Investigation Division

UV-66/99

CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION AND ON-SITE INSPECTION REPORT

On June 3, 1999, at 3:30 p.m., NATO planes fired one missile (aircraft bomb) at the antenna pole and mobile telephony equipment container, property of Belgrade based "MOBTTEL" Company, on Mt. Kopaonik, on the location known as "Gobelja", Raška municipality.

The bomb fell in front of the described facility and made a crater 2 m deep and 8 m in diameter.

The air blast damaged the parabolic aerial and the rod on the metal antenna pole. Damage was inflicted on the mobile telephony equipment inside the container located right beside the antenna pole. The wire mesh fence around the facility was torn.

Raška

Date: June 4, 1999

Report made by:
(sgd) Vojislav Petrović

The Transmitter on Mt. Besna Kobilja (3 June 1999)

On June 3, 1999, at 1:30 p.m., three missiles were fired again on the RTS repeater on Mt. Besna Kobilja, Vranje municipality. (photos 32-33)



Photo 32 Bombed RTS repeater on Mt. Besna Kobilja – Vranje, 3 June 1999



Photo 33 Destroyed RTS repeater facility and aerial post on Mt. Besna Kobilja, 3 June 1999

The Repeater on Crni Vrh

On June 3, 1999, at 1:30 p.m. and 2:00 p.m., three missiles were fired at the RTS repeater on Crni Vrh near Pirot.

The Repeater on Mt. Rudnik

On June 3, 1999, at 12:15 p.m., the aggressor's airplanes attacked the area of Mt. Rudnik and destroyed with two missiles the building of TV "Politika" and the antenna pole of "Mobtel" which was under construction. (photos 34-35)



Photo 34 Destroyed RTV "Politika" and "Mobtel" repeater on Cvijićev Vrh peak on Mt. Rudnik – 3 June 1999



Photo 35 Destroyed aerial post of RTV "Politika" and "Mobtel" repeater on Mt. Rudnik, 3 June 1999